COPPERIMETER (R) — U.S. Secretary of State James Baker said Wednesday that a Soriet proposal on the military fature of a suited Comminy provided regard that discused that NATO would continue its role of James and peace" in Europe. Baker, distancing binness from a Soviet vision of an enlarged structure of European security and cooperation, said the Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe (CSCE) should be a forms for high-level political discussion. "CSCE, NATO and the EC (European Contensity) and other democratic institutions of European now play o greater part in despending and broadening European mility." Baker told a CSCE human rights meeting in Cappenhages. "We must ensure that these organizations continue to complement and reinforce each other," he said, adding: "NATO will continue to preve as the indispensable guaranter of peace." Baker, who had complement and reinforce each other," he said, adding: "NATU win continue to perce as the indispensable guaranter of peace." Baker, who had two hours of private talks with Soviet Foreign Minister Eduard Shevard-miles. Theretay, said he would discuss Soviet proposals on European security with NATO Investor ministers at a meeting beginning Thursday.

Jordan Ti بعروان تابعز يومية سيفسية تصدر بالانجليزية عن الوسلة المنطقة الاردنية والواي،

Hizboliah ready to end feud

BEIRUT (R) — The pro-Iranian Hizbollah group, locked in three years of fighting with the Syrian-backed Amal militia, asked Tehran and Damascus Wednesday to pursue their efforts to end the bloody inter-Shi'he feed. "It is about time to heal the bleeding wound resulting form the fighting between us and Amal. We have from our side set the appropriate stage to heal this wound," Hizbollah said in a statement. The extremist group, trained and financed by Tehran, said the fighting between the Shi'lite Muslim factions "was diverting it from confronting largel and its master, America. We repeat today our call on our brothers in Iran and Syria to continue their sincere efforts to put a final end to this issue in order to protect the resistance and enhance its capabilities to confront the Zionia caseny." Hizbollah inned the statement after Syria's chief intelligence officer in Lebanou, Brigadier Ghari Kenaan, begin medicalon efforts between the two Shi'lite foes, political sources said. Recomm errived in west Beirnt Tacaday and met separately with officials of hizbollah and Amal. He was trying to arrague direct talks between landers of the two groups in the next few days, the sources said. BEIRUT (R) - The pro-Iranian Hizbollah group, locked in three years of

Volume 15 Number 4410

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AMMAN THURSDAY-FRIDAY, JUNE 7-8, DHUL QAIDEH 13-14, 1410

Price: Jordan 100 fils; Saudi Arabia 1.50 riyais; UAE 1.50 dirinant

Libya will respond firmly' to any israeli

NICOSIA (R) — Libya, repeating denials it was involved in a Palestinian seaborne raid on Israel, said Wednesday it would respond with "all firmness and severity" to any Israeli retaliatory attack. A Foreign Ministry state-ment said charges of Libyan involvement were part of "the Zionist enemy's policy and his aggressive designs against Libya. Any aggressive act targetting Libya will be confronted with all firmness and severity." Israel said guerrillas of the Palestine Liberanon Front left Libya aboard a Libyan merchant ship that dropped six speedboats off the Israeli coast. Troops killed four guerrillas and captured 12 in the foiled raid May 30.

Capucci ends hunger strike

ROME (AP) - A Greek Catholic archbishop Wednesday ended a 15-day hunger strike he observed in Rome to support the Palestinian cause, the Arab Leagne office reported. Archbishop Hilarion Capucci, 67, who was jailed by the Israelis for nearly three years in the mid-1970s on charges of smuggling arms to Palestinian guerrillas, has launched several other bunger strikes in recent years to protest. Israeli actions. "My hunger strike, which lasted 15 days to show solidarity with my martyred people, (and) to condemn the crimes perpetrated against them, particularly those of recent days, has been carried out in order that I may do my duty and respond to the appeal of my conscience and my heart," the Syrian-born patriarch said in a statement.

Cambodian rebels claim victories

BANGKOK (R) — Cambodian guerrillas Wednesday claimed fresh military successes. The claims followed the signing of a conditional ceasefire with the government that had raised little hope of relief on the battlefield. Forces loyal to Prince Norodom Sihanouk said they had captured three towns in central Kompong Thom in the past week. A Sihanoukist statement said the guerrillas killed 66 soldiers in the attacks on Prasath Sambaur Friday and Staung Monday, Sandan fell when the defenders fled "without any real fighting" Saturday. A guctrilla source told Reuters the Sihanoukist attacked jointly with fighters of the comnunist Khmer Rouge. The Khmer Rouge said it had severed route 10, running 80 kilometres between the important western towns of Pailin and Battambang.

1 killed, 1 hurt in Belfast blast

BELFAST (R) - A man was killed and a woman was seriously injured when a bomb blew up their car in Belfast Tuesday, police said. The blast occurred close to a school in the Northern Ireland capital, Police said they could not confirm an early report tha the man was a former member of the security forces. "It was a bomb of some type all right," said a police spokesman. A second woman walking on the footpath also caught the force of the explosion but apparently escaped serious mjury. Police said they believed the bomb exploded under the car which was

Former Czech party chiefs held

wrecked by the blast.

PRAGUE (AP) - Former Communist Party chief Milos Jakes and at least four other former Communist leaders have been detained by police two days before the first free elections since 1946, the state news agency CTK said Wednesday. Vasil Bilak, a former Communist Party ideology chief thought to have been strumental in inviting Soviet troops to Czechoslovakia in 1968, was also detained. In addition to Jakes and Bilak, police detained Jozef Lenart, Michal Stefanak and Rudolf Hegenbart, who last week was named in a British Broadcasting Corporation documentary as a Communist Party official who allegedly work-. ed with the Soviet KGB to try to oust Jakes last November.

TUNIS (Agencies) — The Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) is sitting tight against threats to break off contacts because the organisation cannot risk flying in the face of an angry anti-American mood among

Palestinians, PLO officials say. Washington is investigating a Palestinian guerrilla raid on the Israeli coast last Wednesday to see if it violated the PLO antiterrorism pledge which made the

dialogue possible. The 15-man PLO Executive Committee is meeting in Baghdad to discuss U.S. demands that it condemn the raid and take action against Mobammad Abbas, the executive committee member whose group made the

But PLO officials in Tunis said that publicity about the U.S. demands had been counterproduc-

"The PLO won't respond in the way the U.S. wants, It's an attempt to blackmail us and we can't afford to seem to be dictated to," a senior PLO official told Renters Wednesday.

Many Palestinians favoured military action against Israeli targets in cetaliation for the killing of eight Palestinians by Israeli gunman last month and the killing of other Palestinians in the demonstrations that followed.

"There's a popular feeling among Palestinians that a re-sponse was justifiable. The mood is angry and aggressively anti-American at the moment. The mood is to talk tough and not give in to them," he said.

PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat has said he cannot expel or suspend Mohammad Abbas (Abu Abbas) from the executive comunittee because he was elected by the Palestine National Council.

He has also declined to condemn the guerrilla raid by Abu Abbas's Palestine Liberation Front (PLF), saying only that the forces and institutions under centrai PLO control had nothing to do with it and had no advance knowledge of it.

The PLO official in Tunis, who asked not to be named, said a public reprimand of Abu Abbas would be seen as capitulation to the United States, though in private many Palestinians recognised that the PLF operation was not in their interests.

"Abu Abbas has the support of perhaps one Palestinian in a thousand. If Arafat takes action against him, the level of support would rise to five in a thousand," he added

Another PLO official said he expected the Baghdad meeting to attack U.S. policy in strong language and accuse Washington of "covering up Israel's crimes" by using its veto against U.N. Security Council resolutions which Israel opposes.

The United States last week vetoed a resolution which would have sent a U.N. fact-finding mission to the Israeli-occupied West Bank and Gaza

The PLO officials said they thought it unlikely Washington would decide to break off its 18-month-old dialogue

with the PLO, despite pressure from Israel and the U.S. congress. To break it off would strengther (Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak) Shamir internally and would mean the United States can no longer play the role it has designated for itself in the Middle East as the party in touch with

everyone," said one.
"It would also force the Arab states to react in one way or another," he

"If they cut the dialogue, it would be a recognition of their own failure and destroy their credibility as a superpower." Zakaria Abdul Rahim, an official of the PLO's political department, told Reuters.
But Salah Khalaf, one of Arafat's closest associates, hinted last week

that the PLO was resigned to the dialogue ending and would not shed

many tears over it.

"The Americans took everything and gave us nothing in return. The dialogue was n heavy weight on our shoulders and it limited our freedom of movement," he told Reuters.

Level: Exercise Minister Months Israeli Foreign Minister Moshe Arens contended Wednesday that U.S. credibility was being "put to the test" after Israel offered proof that the PLO violated its promise to desist

from terrorism. Areas made the statement in a speech to parliament renewing srael's demand that the United States cancel its dialogue with the PLO.

Top government officials reshuffled; eight retired

Decree was issued Wednesday transferring 20 senior government officials to new positions. A Cabinet decision also announced the retirement of eight senior officials.

The decisions take effect Saturday, June 9, 1990. According to the Royal De-

- Dr. Mohammad Mahdi Al Farhan, director of the Social Security Corporation, will become director of the Customs Department:

- Mr. Falah Al Qudah, senior official at the Free Zones Corporation, will become the corporation's director:

- Dr. Abdul Aziz Wishah, a senior official at the Natural Resources Authority, will become secretary general of the Jordan Valley Authority; Mr. Mohammad Al Saggaf,

secretary general of the Minis-try of Industry and Trade, will become director of the Social Security Corporation; - Mr. Adel Qudah, director of Customs Department, will be-

come director of the Income

Tax Department; - Mr. Ali Al Gharaibeh, director of the Budget Department. will become director of the Lands and Survey Department; - Dr. Ibrabim Badran, secretary general of the Ministry of Energy, will become secretary

general of the Ministry of Industry and Trade; - Mr. Asem Ghosheh, secret-

Youth, will become secretary general of the Ministry of Energy and Mineral Resources; Mr. 'Eid Al Fayez, director

of the Ports Corporation, will become secretary general of the Ministry of Youth; - Mr. Awad Tal, secretary general of the Ministry of Municipal and Rural Affairs

come director of the Jordan Ports Corporation: - Mr. Suleiman Al Hababbeb will become director of the Poblic Transport Corporation, succeeding Mohammad Jamil

and the Environment, will be-

Abul Tayyeb who has been - Dr. Burhan Shreideh, director of the Vocational Training Corporation, will become director of the Hijaz Railway, — Dr. Mohammad Bani Hani, secretary general of the Jordan

Valley Authority, will become secretary general of the Minis-try of Municipal and Rural Affairs and the Environment; - Mr. Mohammad Kreishan. director of the Hijaz Railway, will become director of the Agaba Railway Corporation; - Mr. Mohammad Ziyad Al Jamal from the Ministry of Education will become director of the Purchases Department; - Mr. Saleh Al Zoubi, former director of Al Dustour daily and former secretary general of the Foreign Ministry, will become Secretary General of Par-

laht, senior official at the Free Zones Corporation, will become director general of the Civil Service Consumer Corporation to succeed Nabil Abul Huda who became minister of supply in the present govern-

- Mr. Ahmad Al Atwan from the Ministry of Education will become director general of the Vocational Training Corpora-

- Mr. Zuhair Khalifa will become director general of the Cities and Villages Development Bank;

- Mr. Salman Al Tarawneh director of the Income Tax Department, will become director of the Budget Department.

Senior officials retired include the following: Mr. Hani Kheir, Secretary General of Parliament, Mr. Yassin Kayed, director of the Free Zones Corporation, Mr. Ghazi Lubbadeh, director of the Purchases Department, Mr. Kbalil Al Faouri, director of the National Aid Fund, Mr. Ahmad Jamal Hussein, assistant director of the Lands and Survey Department, Mr. Nabih Al Abwe, advisor at the Ministry of Transport, and Anwar Malhas, director of the Telecommunications Department at the Post Office and Postal Savings Department. The service of Mr. Mrewid Al Tal, director general of the Jordan Cooperative Organisation, was terminated.

Moscow will not halt Jewish emigration—U.S. official tested to Moscow that Israel is

TURNBERRY, Scotland (R) -Jewish emigration, despite a hint by President Mikhail Gorbachev that it might be curbed to meet Arab objections, a senior U.S. official said Wednesday.

An assurance was given to Secretary of State James Baker by Soviet Foreign Minister Eduard Shevardnadze during a two-hour meeting in Copenhagen

Tuesday night, the official said. Baker told Shevardnadze there would be "very serious consequences" if emigration was stopped. The official, who asked not to be identified, said Shevardnadze replied: "We have no plan to change our approach to emigra-

Many Arab countries have pro-

The Soviet Union has told the settling Soviet Jews in the occu-United States it will not halt pied West Bank and Gaza Strip. The U.S. official briefed repor-

ters as Baker flew from a buman rights meeting in Copenhagen to Scotland, for talks with NATO foreign ministers on the future of Europe and the changing role of the alliance.

Gorbaehev said after bis Washington summit with President George Bush last week that Moseow might balt Jewish emigration unless Israel stopped settling emigrants in occupied territories.

About 30,000 Jews were allowed to leave the Soviet Union in the first quarter of 1990, most of them for Israel. Asked why the threat to halt

emigration was made if it was not serious, the official quoted Shevardnadze as saving Gorbachev wanted to demonstrate that we would like to bave certain understanding from the Israelis because there's a problem here as far as we're concerned." Gorbachev's public remarks

directly contradicted all the Soviets bad told the Americans privately during the summit and hence were confusing, the U.S.

"They bad made clear that their commitment to emigration was a strong one and wasn't going to be altered," be said. The official did not define what the consequences would have been had Moscow stopped Jewish emigra-

European team urges expansion of UNRWA mandate, special envoy

By Mariam M. Shahin Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN - A delegation of Europeau parliamentarians Wednesday called for extending the mandate of the United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine refugees (UNRWA) throughout the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip and for appointing a European Community (EC) envoy to the occupied territories. Upon their return here from

a factfinding mission to the occupied territories, six members of the Parliamentary Association for Euro-Arab Cooperation (PAEAC) recommended practical steps to be taken to improve conditions in the occupied territories. "The status quo is no longer sustainable," said the delegation's head, Jan Sonneveld, a Dutch member of the European Parliament. "We call for stronger protection for the people in the occupied territories," he told a press conference.

"Our recommendation is that the mandate of UNRWA be extended to all Palestinians hying in the West Bank and Gaza," he said.

In a press statement, the group lambasted the Israeli army for "showing no respect for the mandate of the UN-RWA" and consistently "refusing to respect and apply the

Fourth Geneva Convention."
The delegation said that if UNRWA services were extended to serve all of the 1.7 million people in the occupied territories, then the Palestinian population could be protected against some of the practices of the Israeb army and govern-ment. The U.N. agency presently serves about 900,000 people, all of whom are refugees or their descendants from the area of pre-1947 Pales-

The situation in the occupied territories was described as "scandalous" by socialist Belgian Senator Jos de Bremaecker. "The whole world should react against it," he said.

The delegation, which met with representatives of the Palestinian community, consuls general of European countries, and members of the Israeli parliament and visited refugee camps and UNRWA installations, called on Israel to "respect human, social, civil and political rights of the peoples in

the occupied territories."

In addition to calling for an extension of the UNRWA mandate, the delegation said it would press for a separate independent EC representative for the occupied territories.

The group said that a permapent EC envoy to the occupied territories to study economic

tion would underline the independent status of the occupied territories.

The group said that it sup-ported a dialogue 'leading to a comprehensive settlement in the framework of an international conference under the auspices of the U.N. with the participation of the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO)." However, the delegation members showed no readiness to use the considerable economie leverage Europe has on Israel to pressure it into concessions of any kind.

dor to Lebanon, John McCarthy, who assumed his post a few days "I want to help them get out before Hrawi became president of their difficulties" said Sonbut has not lived in Beirnt. neveld, who said that pressure Egypt's Middle East News of "such a sort" may have Agency quoted a Lebanese presadverse effects. idential source as saying Hrawi

The group stressed the important role of the United States in bringing Israel to the "peace table."
The United States plays a

major role in changing the atti-tude of the Israelis," Sonneveld said

long to the 518-member Euro-

pean Parliament.

McCarthy, which several Lebanese radio stations also have reported. Marcelle M. Wahba. Five members of the delegaspokeswoman at the Cairo tion are parliamentarians from embassy, confirmed the McCar-Belgium, Sweden, West Gerthy meeting but denied that Crocker had attended the meetmany, France and Holland. - The PAEAC has 650 members in the 23 member countries ing or has been appointed ambasof the Council of Europe. sador to Lebanon. Ninety-three of its members be-

Ryan Crocker, as acting

(Continued on page 5)

'Deep frustration in the absence of peace fuels extremism in Mideast'

Jordan welcomes Soviet warning to Israel over emigres

By P.V. Vivekanand Jordan Times Staff Writer

AMMAN — Jordan welcomes the recent Soviet warning to Israel that it might consider halting the issuance of exist permits for Soviet Jews if the Jewish state does not provide assurances that the emigres will not be settled in the occupied Arab territories as well as the reiteration of American opposition to settlements, a senior Jordanian official said

Wednesday. "We are grateful to hear the reiterated position by the U.S. and the clear new position by the Soviet Union regarding this process - to have the U.S say that we are reiterating our position against settlements in the occupied territories' is something that we appreciate, as we have appreciated earlier," the official said. "But now, I think the time is very important to see the beginning of a serious movement on the part of the U.S. to make its policy more credible and less redundant," added the official, speaking to reporters on condi-

tion of anonymity. The official was referring to comments made by Soviet President Mikhail Gorbachev and U.S. President George Bush in Washington June 3.

According to the official, Jordan had secured assurances from the United States that no housing loan guarantees would be granted to Israel without the Jewish state providing assurances that the money will not be spent on settling immigrants in the occupied

territories.

Jordan was in touch with the U.S. administration late last year over this subject, and was told that there was no such Israeli request at that time

pledges to help

Lebanon

CAIRO (AP) - Egypt promised

Lebanese President Elias Hrawi

Wednesday to use its influence in

the Arab World to try and end

Lebanon's long misery.

Cairo also said it would under-

take international contacts seek-

ing to restore Lebanese

sovereignty over parts of south-ern Lebanon under Israel's con-

trol. But Osama Al Baz, a key

aide to President Hosni Mubar-

ak, warned that Israel is not

easily persuaded "to take a cer-

since assuming battle-scarred Lebanon's presidency last Nov.

24, discussed with Mubarak for

two hours how Egypt can become

more active in ending the coun-

with the United State's ambassa-

also talked with Ryan Crocker,

acting deputy chief of mission (DCM) at the U.S. embassy in

The agency said Crocker has

been appointed to replace

The Lebanese leader also met

Hrawi, on his first trip to Cairo

tain path."

try's chaos.

Cairo.

and that if any move was made by the U.S. Congress the administration will not let it go unless there are full guarantees and assurances that the

money will not be spent in a way
which damage the (Middle East)
peace process," the official said.
However, the official said, the U.S. Senate mooted a bill to grant a \$400 million housing guarantee to Israel and it was approved by Congress last month. The U.S. president has also signed the authorisation, the official

According to reports from Israel, the U.S. administration has informed the Jewish state that the authorisation would not be released without the sought-for assurances have been provided to Washington,

Disappointment over veto

Jordan was "very much disappointed" with the recent American veto of a U.N. Security Council resolution proposing the dispatch of a fact-finding mission to the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip, the official said. He explained that the first draft of the resolution had several elements — including a call for the stationing of U.N. forces in the occupied territories and for convening an emational peace conference on the Middle East - which would have been rejected outright by the U.S. in light of Washington's known opposi-tion to such proposals. But the modified version of the resolution was "muted... and mild.. and we had anticipated an abstention rather than a veto... and we are quite surprised

by the veto," be said. Last week's abortive Palestinian 'appears to have given a pretext" for the U.S. to veto the resolution, the official added.

"We hope the U.S. would examine the effects of casting this negative vote in light of the reaction and developments in the region." he said. We feel that it is only adding to the frustrations that are translating themselves in certain behaviour and acts that are not conducive what they are

trying to promote; that is a compre-bensive peace that the region needs."

Irra-irra moves welcomed

The official welcomed signs of movement by both Ireq and Iran towards Great peace talks after eight years of war and two years to no-warno-peace situation. "Apparently, both sides have realised that they can no longer west for someone to bring them together and that it would never occur if they waited any longer," he

According to the official, peace between Iran and Iraq could lead to immediate changes in the Middle East, starting with Lebanon, where be said, "irreq is fighting an irraniana extension." However, he did not go into details of the envisaged changes in the region, "Maybe others would consider the situation and decide to join the entente," he said, in apparent reference to Syria, which sapported from in the war and remains at odds with Ireq.

It would be virong to assume that the May 28-50 Bagicdad summit came ont with "confrontational approach" to any country, eccording to the official. He said that the difference in approaches that emerged at the nit was due to the fact that the Arab states "differ in the style of dealing but there is no difference in

The resolutions adopted by the sumerit were besubly critical of the United States for its support for Israel and warned that the Arab World's international relations would be guided by the respective countries stand on Soviet Jewish immigration. According to the official, the re-

solutions reflected the Arab leaders' realisation of the dangers inherent in Soviet Jewish immigration to Israel and the settlement of the new arrivals in the occupied territories. The summit understood that the effects of the Israeli settlement policy are not limited to the Palestinians and the

(Continued on page 5)

'Right-wing crazies' poised to take power in Israel

TEL AVIV (R) — Caretaker Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir raced Wednesday to forge what political allies and the press called a government of 'right-wing crazies" as a deadline to end Israel's political crisis approached. Shamir, 74, has until Friday to

tell President Chaim Herzog whether be can form a coalition to replace a left-right cabinet that broke up 83 days ago over his refusal to accept U.S. Middle

Likud Party would muster a parliamentary majority in a confidence vote early next week despite last-minute difficulties in getting signed commitments from far-right and religious partners. "He will try to form a government by tomorrow," media advis-

er Avi Pazner said. But he added: "There is no guarantee." Unable to revive his government with the Labour Party, which favours the U.S. proposals for Israeli-Palestinian talks, Shamir has enlisted support from

wbat some newspapers and sources close to him call "rightwing crazies." His potential partners in Israel's next government seek to

flood the occupied territories with Jews, toughen measures to quash the Palestinian uprising and force more public religious observance on the secular major-

Such a government is opposed by the U.S., Israel's guardian ally, as well as most Israelis and Shamir himself.

Political commentators said Shamir would feel like a leftist in such a government but Pazner conntered: "He is not a leftist. He is a centre-right politician and will continue to feel like a centreright politician."

But Pazner added: "A narrow coalition is far from ideal."

He said the coalition would upbold Israel's 13-month-old elections plan for the Palestinians

But Shamir feels uncasy back-

ed by a mere 61-59 parliamentary majority that includes parties campaigning to expel al! Arabs under Israeli rule and opposing Israel's 1978 Camp David accords with Egypt. Political commentators specu-

prompted largely by his fear that hardline Likud rivel Ariel Shar-East peace proposals.

Aides said Shamir's rightist on, leader of the 1982 Lebanon invasion, would asure his control over a right-wing coalition. "Sharon, supported by the right, will lead the government

into a dead end that will hoist Sharon into the leadership of Likud," wrote analyst Hanan Crystal in the daily Hadashot. Many Israelis have accused the

lated Shamir's earlier search for a

government with Labour was

hawkish Sharon. 52, of acting without government authority when he took troops to Beirnt in the 1982 invasion, prompting then-Prime Minister Menachem Begin to resign. Media reports said Sharon

would handle immigration in a new government, overseeing an influx of Soviet Jews at the heart of an international controversy over their settlement in the occupied territories. Likud holds 40 seats in parlia-

ment to Labour's 39. Its coalition would include Shas (5 seats), the National Religious Party (5), Tehiya (3), Degel Hatorah (2), Tsomet (2), Moledet (2) and breakaway religious party mem-

If Shamir fails to assemble a government by Friday, the president may either give another member of parliament the task or tell Speaker Dov Shilansky to call new elections.

Otherwise a parliamentary majority might appeal to the president to appoint another nominee. Both Sharon and former Labour Defence Minister Yitzhak Rabin have said they could forge a

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Rafsanjani holds out hopes for Gulf peace

TEHRAN (AP) — President Hashemi Rafsanjani said Wednesday the United States must push Israel and Kuwait to free "hostages" if it wants help in gaining release of Westerners held in Lebanon.

said he did not rule ont a peace summit with Iraqi President Saddam Hussein, hut only after lower-level Iraqi-Iranian meet-

On Iran's death call against British anthor Salman Rushdie, he said ties with London could be resumed if Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher condemns the book the Satanie Verses. But he said there was no question of iffsing the death decree.

The irresponsible, arrogant attifude of the United States has created further difficulties" in resolving the hostage crisis, he told a news conference for 200 foreign and local journalists.

Two American educators. Robert Polhill and Frank Reed, were released by their pro-Iranian kidnappers at Tehran's bidding in April, and Iran said Washington should make a ges-

"An appropriate response was expected after the Lebanese unconditionally set free the hostages - release of hostages in Kuwait and Israel." Rafsaniani said.

"Why don't you help increase the necessary public pressure on those governments to release these hostages, so that the Westem hostages can be freed in return?" he asked the journalists.

"If the United States is serious about wanting relations with Iran in the future, it must begin to act, because talking is not enough," Raisanjani said.

Hundreds of Muslims are held in Israel and an Israeli-controlled strip in South Lehanon, Their release has been a constant demand of Iran and the pro-Iranian

But the reference to Knwait, though not new, appeared to be the first by an Iranian leader for some months.

Seventeen men, mostly Iranian and Iraqi Shi'ite Muslims, were jailed in Kuwait in February 1984 that the Iranian hostages are for the Dec.12, 1983, car bombalive," Rafsanjani said. "The jailed in Kuwait in February 1984

pied Atab territories will stop

expelling Palestinians living in the

West Bank and Gaza Strip with-

out residency permits, the state

The announcement came as the

state attorney's office responded

Tuesday to a supreme court

appeal filed by 15 Palestinians

belonging to families separated

The families said the practice is

"unreasonable, directed by alien

demographic and political consid-

erations and contradicts the prin-

Israeli News Agency, ITIM, said.

sponded by saying Arabs living in

the Israeli-occupied territories

would from now on be allowed to

ask for a residency status for

members of their families and

would be allowed to live in the

territories unless there is a "speci-

fic negative security reason" to

The state attorney's office said

deny the request," ITIM said.

Palestinians without residency

permits would have the status of

"visitors" and would be allowed

to reside permanently with their

families. They would also be able

to reaffirm status without leaving

for abroad and then returning on

The state attorney's office re-

ciples of international law,"

attorney's office says.

hy the army's practice.

ary administration in the occu- to do until now.

The turbaned Rafsanjani also ings that killed five people and. wounded 86.

> One of the dead was the driver who rammed an explosive-laden truck into the U.S. embassy compound. Two were released in February 1989 after serving their five-year sentences.

Of the remaining 15, three were sentenced to death, but the Emir of Knwait, Sheikh Jaber Al Ahmad Al Sabab, has never ratified the sentences.

Seven others are serving life term, four are serving 15-year terms and one a 10-year sentence.

The Kuwaitis have repeatedly refused to free any of the men before their sentences are completed.

Rafsanjani said Iran's policy was "to help secure the release of all the hostages, whether they be Western, Lebanese or Iranian. We continued, as the (spiritual) leader (Ayatollah Ali Khamenei) stated, to hold on to this policy. He said the presence of

Lebanese Shi'ite leaders in Iran in the past few days was connected with commemoration of the first anniversary of Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini's death and stressed it had nothing to do with

"Iran is like home to Hizbollah and other forces," Rafsanjani said. "They have no connection with hostage taking.

"We contact those holding the hostages through third parties. The Lebanese have proved to be tesponsible towards release of the hostage.

He did not elaborate or clarify this last remark. The Iranian president also

reiterated his country's recent claim that four Iranians who were kidnapped hy the Christian Lebanese Forces militia in 1982 are still alive.

"We have learned officially from a government, and from reliable sources in east Beirut.

Israel to stop expulsion of Palestinians

Meni Mazoz, as saying.

term strategy to force Palestinians

out of the occupied West Bank

and Gaza Strip, which Israel cap-

tured during the 1967 Middle

According to the army, 251

Palestinians, including 88 women

and 78 children, were expelled

from the occupied Arah territor-

ies in 1989. The army has no

Department expressed concern

over the expulsions. Then-

defence Minister Yitzhak Rabin

immediately ordered a temporary

halt to the practice and promised

The expulsions were based on

strict residency regualtions

Last January, the U.S. State

figures for preceding years.

Israeli officials deny this.

their families.

ment has informed us." He did not identify the coun-

U.S. President George Bush's administration recently provided Iran with information, through the Swiss government, which it said indicated the four men are

They are Ahmad Motevasehan, commander of the contingent of Iranian Revolutionary Guards hased in the Bekaa Valley of east Lebanon; Charge Affaires Mohsen Musavi; Kazem Akhavan Allaf, a photo-grapher for Iran's official Islamic Republic News Agency, and their Iranian driver, Mohammad Taghi Rastegar Moqadam.

They were seized at a Lebanese forces checkpoint at Badara, the northernmost point in the Christian enclave 40 kilometres north of

Lebanese Forces commander Samir Geagea said in August 1988 that after he took over the militia in 1986 he found no trace of the missing men and hlamed his predecessor, Elie Hobeika, for their disappearance and appa-

Geagea's disclosure was the first formal comment by the militia that it had been involved in the seizure of the missing Ira-

Sources in the Lebanese Forces have said the Iranians were killed soon after they were seized in artillery battles betweeen the Christians and Muslim factions, including the Iranian-backed Shi'ite Hizbollah.

But there have been other unconfirmed reports that three of the Iranians are still alive, while the fourth was shot trying to

The 16 Westerners missing in Lebanon are six Americans, four Britons, two West Germans, two Swiss, and Italian and an Irishman. Most are believed held by pro-Iranian Shi'ite groups.

On the Gulf war, Rafsanjani pointed out that the Iraqi president recently sent two letters to the Iranian leadership suggesting the two leaders hold a summit

> He said a verbal goodwill message indicating a July meeting from Mitsotakis was delivered to Akbulnt by Greek Justice Minister Athanassios Kanellopoulos in Istanbul Tuesday during a convention of European justice ministers.

"Akbulut has replied favourably. But it is unlikely that major issues will be taken up in depth at such a first meeting," Sungar

The meeting will be the first official talks between Akbulut who came to power last November and Mitsotakis who won

NATO partners Turkey and Greece have been at political odds since Ankara sent troops into Cyprus in 1974 following a short-lived conp in Nicosia backed by the military junta then

They also have a long-standing dispute over territorial rights in the Aegean which is believed to be rich in minerals, including oil. Mitsotakis told Turkish television Monday that he supported a

include the Cyprus issue. "We shall be only too glad," Turkish Foreign Minister Ali Bozer said Tuesday, commenting on Mitsotakis' call for talks. But he added: "I think the Cyprus

Ankara which should primarily

Ethiopia supports reopening port of Massawa, reviving peace talks

principle" to the shipment of emergency food for millions of drought victims through a rebel-The rebels, the Eritrean Peocontrolled Red Sea port.

The Marxist government also confirmed it had taken steps to revive peace talks with the Eritrean guerrillas who have waged a use the port. prolonged civil war in Ethiopia's The capture of Massawa cut all northernmost province and now control most of its countryside.

The statement broadcast Tuesday night by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs said Ethiopia had agreed to allow U.N. representatives attend the peace talks, a move announced in Washington Sunday in a joint U.S.-Soviet

The ministry's statement also welcomed "with great appreciation" plans by the United States and the Soviet Union to launch ioint airlifts of emergency food to northern Ethiopia.

Ethiopia said it had agreed "in

The United Nations estimates 4.5 million people in the parched region are threatened with starvation. The world body had planned to ship most of 1 million tonnes of emergency food needed through the Red Sea port of Massawa.

However, the plan was abandoned after the Eritreans captured Massawa in an offensive launched in February. As a result, all donated food has been diverted to Assab, Ethiopia's second port, and trucked north.

The government Tuesday said it had "decided to accept in prin-ciple" the reopening of Massawa

go about it with international donors and "other interested par-

ple's Liberation Front (EPLF), did not immediately comment on the announcement but has previously urged relief agencies to

land and sea routes from Eritrea to Ethiopia's capital, Addis Ababa. Another smaller rebel group, the Tigre People's Liberation Front, controls Eritrea's southern neighbour, Tigre province.

Should Massawa reopen, relief supplies would be unloaded at the port and trucked through embattled territory to Eritrea's capital, Asmara, apparently requiring a ceasefire agreement. The Ethiopian Air Force also

has regularly bombed rebel positions at Massawa since its capture on Feh. 11, extensively damaging the port's facilities. The proposed joint U.S.-Soviet

ift also would deliver supplies to Asmara with U.S. food being carried on Soviet planes. No date has been announced for the beginning of the airlift.

On resumption of peace talks with the Eritreans, a source said Ethiopia already had informed U.N. General Secretary Javier Perez de Cuellar and the cochairman of the peace talks, former U.S. President Jimmy Carter and Tanzanian President Julius Nverere, that it would welcome U.N. participation.

Eritrea's rebels see U.N. parti-

cipation as de facto recognition of their secessionist movement. President Mengistu Haile Mariam's government has

opposed it for the same reason. Two rounds of preliminary peace talks between the Eritreans and Ethiopia's government were held late last year, but a third round scheduled to begin in May foundered over whether the United Nations should send an

In Khartoum, a Sudanese official said Wednesday, almost a million Ethiopian refugees in eastern Sudan are living needlessly under near-famine conditions because donor countries aren't helping them.

Maj.-Gen. Youssef Beshir Siraj, governor of the eastern region that shares a border with Ethiopia, said around 600 additional refugees trudge into Sudan every day.

He was quoted by Al Sndan Al Hadith newspaper as saying they and more than 900,000 already in Sudan "are living under difficult conditions of quasi-famine."

They "have received no relief supplies other than sorghum for a long time," he said, and urged the international community to step in to rescue them.

Sudan's military government estimates 1.2 million Ethiopiaan refugees are in Sudan, mostly in the eastern region where the current group is arriving. The Khartourn office of the U.N. High Commissioner for Refugees puts the number lower, at no more



An Ethiopium father and his two rons, who suffered in the 1984 famine, again face dire food shortages

than 800,000.

Many of the refugees have been in Sudan since fleeing a 1984-85 famine in Ethiopia that killed an estimated one million people. Most of the arrivals now are seeking shelter in established Sudanese refugee camps from insurrections in northern and west-

try's government.
UNHCR offices around the world have been cutting their budgets this year, and the share allocated to Sudan is little more than half previous levels. This has prompted protests from Sudan's nearly bankrupt government over being left to feed the Ethiopians ern Ethiopia against that coun- from its own meager resources.

Euphrates water major obstacle Turkish, Greek premiers in ties with Turkey, Iraq says

BAGHDAD (AP) - A government minister condemned Turkey over its failure to reach an agreement with Iraq on sharing the water of the Euphrates River, in an Interview published Wednesday.

Oil Minister Issam Al Chalabi told the government-owned weekly Alef Baa that the conflict over water resources is very serious and could harm stability in the region.

"It is regrettable the Turkish side has not been serious in giving due attention to the issue ... which we consider very important not only because of Iraq's interests but also because of its him," Chalabi said. importance in the long run for the stability of the region," he was

quoted as saying. Chalabi, who headed the Iraqi

team in negotiations over the water sharing, said the problem is threatening the development of relations and accused Turkey of turning a deaf ear to Iraq's appeal to solve the problem through negotiations.

He also accused the Turkish side of ignoring the issue during a visit by Turkish Prime Minister Yildirim Akbulut to Iraq last month.

"We asked them during preparatory talks to give utmost priority to the water problem at the prime minister's talks but he came with 200 delegates without. one single water specialist with

Turkey diverted much of the Euphrates water last January for a month to start filling the giant reservoir at the Ataturk Dam, centerpiece of a major hydroelectric and irrigation project in their impovenshed southeastern pro-

. The Turkish action triggered protests in Iraq and Syria, who feared damage to their agriculture and a worsening of international quarrels over scarce water

Chalabi expressed hope that Turkey will show more flexibility during talks between irrigation officials of Iraq, Syria and Turkey later this month, which Irac "This is a real obstacle on the wants to end with a new accord road to developing relations be- on water sharing that would be in tween the two countries," he the interests of the three coun-

France to reopen embassy in Kabul

PARIS (R) - France will reopen its emhassy in Afghanistan on June 15, more than a year after most foreign missions in Kabul closed believing the city was about to fall to Mujahideen guerrillas and a hloodbath was

mminent. The Foreign Ministry said Wednesday a team of technicians had arrived in Kabul to prepare the building for reopening.

A ministry spokesman said the mission had been closed for security reasons and was being reopened because the security situation had improved.

He declined to comment on French media speculation that Paris was changing its attitude through wariness of Islamic fundamentalism and belief that President Najihullah had good chances of staying in power.

Meanwhile, a radical Afghan guerrilla group threatened Tues-day to block aid sent into Afgha-

nistan hy the United Nations, un-Islamic organisations and relief goods with U.S. markings: A communique from the Pakis-

tan-based Hezb-I-Islami party of Gulbuddin Hekmatyar said such aid was meant to weaken the Muslim guerrillas' Jihad (holy war) against the Soviet-backed government in Kabul.

"We, therefore, hereby declare that the Mujahideen (rebels) will foil this conspiracy and prevent the entry of such assistance into Afghanistan" it said.

The Hezb, one of the best organised of the guerrilla groups fighting the Kabul government, said relief goods should be sent

through the guerrilla groups. The consequences of the dispatch of such assistance through unprincipled and unpermissible methods will squarely lie on the shoulders of the dispatchers," the

communique said. The warning follows attacks on

voluntary groups helping Afghan refugees in Pakistan and inside Afghanistan.

cent months sent relief supplies into Afghanistan via the Soviet Union. The United States resumed

The United Nations has in re-

food aid to rebel-controlled areas m Afghanistan last April after suspending it for several months. In a separate development, guerrillas rained 25 rockets on

the Afghan capital Kabul Tuesday, killing 10 people, official Kabul Radio said. A spokesman for the Sovietbacked government had said ear-

lier that five people were killed

and 40 wounded by the rockets.

many of which hit residential districts. The Afghan government protested to Pakistan, accusing it of supplying rockets to the rebels. said Kabul Radio monitored in

JORDAN TELEVISION Tel: 773111-19

PROGRAMME ONE News for the Dear 18:29 Health progra News in Arabic News in Arabic

18:30 19:00 19:15 hance aux chanson ... News in French .. Varieties News in Arabic . Bill Cosby Show Basketball .. News in English

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TEL AVIV (AP) - Israel's milit- temporary guest visas, as they had adopted by the army-run government in the occupied Arab lands. They would be allowed to app-Under these rules, only Pak ly for permanent tesidency and. nians who lived in the occupied even if denied, could still conlands during a September 1967 census were automatically eligitinue to live in the territories with ble for permits, and all others had "This provides a realistic soluto apply for permits. tion to the humanitarian problem The group most affected were of separation between the appel-

Palestinian women whose familants and their wives and chilhes fled to Jordan when Israel seized the West Bank and Gaza dren," ITIM quoted the government's representative, attorney in 1967, and who later married men from the occupied areas. Palestinian activists have said The new policy provides an opening for the thousands of the expulsions were part of long-

Palestinians seeking to join their families living in the West Bank and Gaza, home to 1.7 million Palestinians. Wives and children denied residency permits used to enter the occupied lands on three-month guest visas, and then had to aban-

don their families and return to Jordan for several months or stay illegally. According to Rabin, military officials have received 88,249 requests for "family reunification" since 1967, and 13,509 of those

were granted.

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AMMAN:

First pharmacy Ferdows pharma

Al Asema pharmacy Nairoukh pharmacy Al Salam pharmacy

Amin Abu Eida

Civil Defence Department

Highway Police

Some Palestinians want to increase their numbers in the territories, while Israel wants to limit the number of Arabs under its

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Abdul Hadi Tayyem .

may hold talks in July ANKARA (Agencies) - Tur-kish and Greek Prime Ministers ately instead of taking precedence among other issues (between Turkey and Greece)."

may meet next month during a NATO summit in London, but are not likely to discuss the Cyprus issue, a Turkish Foreign Foreign Ministry spokesman said Wednesday.

"A preliminary acquaintance meting seems possible between Prime Minister Yildirim Akbulut and Greek Prime Minister Constantine Mitsotakis during the NATO summit in London on July 4-5," Murat Sungar said.

general elections in April.

ruling Greece.

revival of political dialogue with

Central Amman Telephone

lorden Electricity Authority

HOSPITALS

AMMAN: Hussein Medical Centre 813813/32 Khalidi Maternity, J. Ann. ... 644281/6 Akileh Maternity, J. Ann. ... 64241/2 Jabal Anman Maternity 642362

"We favour the continuation of intercommunal talks on Cyprus under the auspices of the U.N.

Secretary General. I can see drawbacks in a tendency to internationalise the problem," he The talks between Cypriot President George Vassilion and Turkish Cypriot leader Rauf Denktash, failed in Fehruary, main-

mination for the 160,000 Turkish Cypriots who share the island with 600,000 Greek Cypriots. Denktash who leads the break-"Turkish Republic" north, recognised only by Ankara, wants to put a future agreement on a bi-zonal, bi-communal federal Cypriot state to public

ly over the issue of self-deter-

"The right of self-determination either exists or does not. The Turkish Cypriots have exercised this right in the past when they declared a federated state (in 1975) and an independent republic in 1983," Sungar said.

He said Turkey differed with a senior U.S. official who said neither community on Cyprus had the right of self-determina-Meanwhile, a U.S. official said Tuesday that relations between

Turkey and the United States

were likely to suffer unless a

solution was reached to reunify The Turkish military presence on Cyprus is such that we must find a constitutional or legal framwork for it or the Turkish-U.S. relationship is bound to suffer." Nelson Ledsky, the special coordinator for Cyprus at the

U.S. State Department, told a news conference. Ledsky held two days of talks

Amal Hospital

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in Ankara after visiting Greece. **JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR**

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INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT

Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights Terminal 1)			
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0:30	New Delbi	RJ)	
0:30	Cairo (RJ)	
0:30	Kuwait (RJ)	
0:45	Dubai, Abu Dhubi (RI)	
9:55	Doha, Bahrain	RJ)	
4.88	Cairo (RJ)	
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Beans	270
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Broad beans	350 / 30
Cabbage	100 / 6
Carrot	180 / 14
Cauliflower	160 / 12
Cocumbers (large)	120 / 6
Cucumbers (small)	220 / 10
Dates	400 / 20
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Eggplant	220 / [8
Carles	/30 / CL
Lemon	490 / 35
Mallow	200 / 15
Marrow (large)	150 /-10
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State	200 / 40

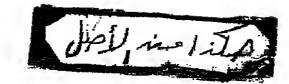
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FOR FRIDAY JORDAN TELEVISION Tel: 773111-19 PROGRAMME ONE

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Assad (right) presents the foundation's shield to

Ahmad Fathi Srour, the Egyptian minister of

Al Al Bait Foundation makes a gift of books to Alexandria library

By Caroline Farai Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN - The Royal Academy for Islamic Civilisation Research (Al Al-Bait Foundation) has presented to the library of Alexandria 97 reference books about Islamic culture and civilisa-

The gift was presented by Al Al Bait Foundation President Dr. Nasseruddin Al Assad to Egyptian Minister of Higher Education Dr. Ahmad Fathi Scour in Amman Wednesday.

Assad said that the books will be a contribution from Al Al Bait. Poundation to the rebuilding of the library which is expected to house at least 200,000 volumes

when it opens in 1995.

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Secretary Secretary

Egypt, along with a group of Arab and Islamic countries, is currently exerting efforts to revive the 3rd century B.C. library of Alexandria.

The library's books will focus on history, geography and culture of the Mediterranean basin and the Near East, and its computerised data base and catalogue will be accessible internationally through computer and telecommunications links, according to an earlier statement issued at the start of a meeting by an international commission for the revival of the ancient library of Alexandria held in Aswan, Egypt, last

Dr. Srour expressed his country's appreciation of the Al Al Bait's gift which, he said, is the region's culture.

bound to enrich the projected fibrary.

> The total construction and equipping of the library complex vill reach an estimated \$160 million of which more than \$40 million will be provided by Iraq and the United Arab Emirates.

The international commission. which is cooperating with the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organisation (UNESCO), has appealed for further contributions to carry out

Her Majesty Queen Noor, who is a commission member, took part in the Aswan meeting and delivered a major address outlining the project's importance for

125,000 people visit Yarmouk exhibition

By Ali Dejani Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN —'A 15-day industrial exhibition held at Yarmouk University-in Irbid will come to a close on Friday, By then at least 125,000 people will have visited the exhibition, and examined items displayed by 150 Jordanian businesses and factories; the exhibition had: leather and plastic products, pharmaceuticals, cosmetics, chemical products, enfood, textiles and handicrafts.

The exhibition, which was organised by the Amman Chamber of Industry in cooperation with the Irbid Chamber of Commerce, was held under Royal patronage as part of the Kingdom's celebrations of Independence Day which fell on May 25.

Originally the exhibition was scheduled to be held between May 23 and 31, but in view of the increasing number of visitors the gineering equipment, furniture, organisers decided to extend the wooden doors, kitchens, paper period until Friday, June 8, to and cardboard, equipment used give the chance to more people to

inspect national industrial pro-

within the Yarmouk University campus, was visited by university students, citizens from Irbid and other cities, , businessmen and industrialists. Last Monday, His Royal High-

Irbid governorate. The exhibition displayed pro-

Mines Company and the Arab Potash Company; they included minerals extracted from the Dead Sea which are exported to various parts of the world.

Compared to the first industrial exhibition held in Irbid in 1981, the contrast was significant since the 1990 exhibition displayed a greater number of industrial pro-

organisers showed that 73 visitors considered the time was opportune for the fair while the rest said that it was not convenient because, they said, most students were busy with their examina-

A total of 96 per cent of the visitors considered the exhibition a total success against four per cent who thought otherwise, and 92 per cent of the visitors called

GOING ON

The following listings are com-piled from monthly bulletins and the daily Arabie press. Readers are advised to verify the listed time and place with

EXHIBITIONS

- ☆ Art exhibition by Dana Khreis and Lama Khreis at the Royal Cultural Centre.
- * Exhibition of products of the Jordan University of Science and Technology engineering workshops displaying equip-ment used in scientific labs.

CONCERT

* Concert by the Soviet Geor-

ACC ministers of education sign cooperation agreement

Council (ACC) countries ended a two-day meeting here Wednesday by signing a final report that summed up their deliberations which focused on the implementation of an ACC agreement on cooperation in higher education signed by the four countries in September of last year.

The final report calls for an exchange of information and linking information networks in the four countries: Egypt, Jordan Iraq and Yemen and for the unification of systems in matters related to secondment of nniversity teachers.

The agreement also calls for granting scholarships and coopcration in matters related to eradication of illiteracy, exchanges. of educational publications and materials and holding conferences to tackle higher education

ACDIMA

meeting

holds annual

AMMAN (J.T.) — The General

Assembly of the Amman-based

Arab Company for Drug Indus-

tries and Medical Appliances

(ACDIMA) will hold its annual

meeting in Amman Thursday to

review projects in Arab states

and decide on the distribution of

dividends on profits earned last

A total of JD 3.5 million

earned from operations in 1989

will be distributed to ACDIMA's

ACDIMA's board members in-

clude Iraq, Saudi Arabia, Syria,

Knwait, Qatar, United Arab

Emirates and Libya, the com-pany's major shareholders.

ACDIMA spokesman said

Wednesday that the General Assembly will review projects

which are operating in Kuwait,

Saudi Arabia and the United

Arab Emirates and projects

under construction in Syria and

Turnisia as well as plans for

schemes in Yemen and Algeria.

Working with a total capital of \$198 million, ACDIMA, which was established in 1976, tries to

set realistic priorities for the

allocation of its resources in an

industry with fairly high start-up

costs, according to officials. "Its

im is to locate ACDIMA pro

iects equitably among member

states and achieve an overall

w. 'in the region," they said.
'her ACDIMA objectives are

to p mote the development of

maceutical science and encourage

cooperation among various pri-vate, government and ACDIMA

sponsored industrial establish-

ACDIMA, established by the

Council of Arab Economic Unity

(CAEU), currently identifies

projects, prepares studies and

organises investments in the

establishment of pharmaceutical

and medical appliances produc-

tion plants all over the Arab

World.

ments in Arah countries.

raw a tterials required for phar-

implementary of production

16 shareholders.

The ministers agreed to set up a technical committee grouping wider-cooperation.

AMMAN (Petra) — Ministers of Higher Education in the four-countries to coordinate matters member Arab Cooperation related to strategies in higher related to strategies in higher education including legislations, unifying terms used in science and computers as well as the

production of educational aids. The ministers set up another committee to follow up the implementation of the agreement and to coordinate matters related to it with the Amman-based ACC sec-

The two committees will convene here before the end of September to report on the progress of their work.

Prime Minister Mudar Badran received the four ministers at the conclusion of their meeting; he was briefed on the agreement and on issues related to coordination of the four countries' drive to achieve integration in educational

Badran expressed Jordan's total support for and satisfaction with the agreement which, he said, was expected to promote

Italian group ends 5-day touristic visit

AMMAN (J.T.) — A group of 300 Italian tourists including businessmen, media people and journalists wind up a five-day stay in Jordan Thursday.

Their tour took them to the ancient Nabatean city of Petra, the Greco-Roman city of Jerash, the Dead Sea, Karak and Madaha in the company of officials and guides from the Ministry of Tourism which provided transport facilities for the visitors.

Her Majesty Queen Noor Tuesday evening had a meeting with the group led by famous Italian television producer and announcer Mino Damato whom the Queen described as instrumental in promoting the marketing of Jordan's tourist sites in Italy through his weekly television programmes which feature Petra among other tonristie attractions in the Kingdom.

In a statement to the Al Ra'i and the Jordan Times, the Oncen underlined the importance of bolstering ties between the Jordanian people and other nations so as to promote understanding with view to helping present the Kingdom's views to the world.

Tourism in Jordan can be boosted through the efforts of Jordanian citizens themselves who should better understand their nation's beritage and the Kingdom's issues and convey the image to the outside world," the Queen said.

Tourism, she said, is bound not only to bring foreign currency to the country by hosting foreign groups of visitors, it also means one should focus attention on the social that political sectors of tourism for it to become success-

The Oneen commended Damato and Italian Television for beloing market Jordan's touristie and archaeological attractions in Italy.

our at one of Damato's programmes; the Italian group had taken part in a competition in Damato's programme and won as a prize their visit to Jordan.

Commenting on the Italian group's visit, Minister of Tourism Abdul Karim Al Kabariti said that Damato's television programme contributed to increasing by 72 per cent the total number of Italian tourists who came to Jordan in 1989 over those arriving in . :

He expressed belief that the number of Italians coming to. Jordan will increase this summer. At the end of the trip to Petrathe group members met with the Queen and Damato presented Her Majesty with a token gift, The mayor of Wadi Mousa town near Petra presented Damato: with a gift in recognition of his efforts to promote tourism to

Peace delegation urges talks before 'it's too late'

By Mariam M. Shahin Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN - A 44-member American-Canadian peace mission headed by former U.S. Senator Chaires Percy urged that U.S. President George Bush should take "reasonable risks for peace" in the Middle East before "it's too late," during a press conference

Wednesday.
"The Bush administration should take reasonable risks for peace right now, before it is too late," Percy told the press. After a three-week tour of the region, which included Jordan, West Bank, Gaza, Jerusalem and Israel, the group's spokesman, Percy said the group was extremely concerned about the increased vio-

lence in the occupied territor-

"The evidence of the excessive use of force and collective punishment by the IDF (Israeli Defence Force) towards the Palestinians is staggering,"-Percy said speaking on behalf of a group which represented clergymen, political figures, public officials, academicians, civil leaders, physicians, attorneys, scientists, writers and journalists.

In a press statement the group lambasted Israeli policies of closing schools and universities in the occupied terri-

tories, the killing of women and children and taxation without representation of the Palestinians it is attempting to

"One Palestinian put it to us in this way: "What they (the Israelis) are really trying to do is raise a generation of illiterate Palestinians." Percy said.

The former senator pointed out that taxation without representation was the action which precipitated the American revolution. The treatment of Palesti-

mians under occupation, Percy said, is more than just a political situation but a moral and spiritual issue. He said that the world will

not and cannot stay silent on human rights abuses on the scale, and "the sooner Israel faces this reality the quicker it can return to honouring it's democratic values and tradi-He said that Israel and its

relationship with the intifada was of primary importance. He said that the group met with many Israelis who felt Israel could not only continue to live with the intifada but could also contain it. He said that several Israeli officials, with whom the group had met, attempted to trivialise the human rights violations in the occupied terriWhile sharply eriticising Israeh human rights violations in the occupied territories Perey also criticised recent attempted attack on Israeli beaches by members of the Palestine Liberation Front.

"We cannot emphasise strongly enough what a setback this aborted assault was to a movement supporting the Israeli-Palestinian dialogue, Percy said. He said that not only did the

U.S. government have a unique relationship with the Middle East, it" is the only party that can bridge the enormous gap between the political right in Israel, which it seems will soon hold power, and the Palestinians.

Percy would not comment on specific action that he felt the U.S. government should take, but said the tense situation in the region, which has been inflamed by the massive emigration of Soviet Jews to the occupied territories. needed attention now.

Not only was Israel's "skid to the right... embodied by extremist policies" an immediate impediment to peace, but "the temptation on the part of Palestinians to settle their legitimate right to selfdetermination through illegitimate violence" was increasing.

"The trends are unmistak-

without delay," Percy said. Ian Waddell, a Canadian

member of parliament, who was on his first trip to the: Middle East said that he was deeply moved by what he had seen in the occupied territor-He said that the PLO had:

achieved a change in North-American public opinion through it's adoption of a 'nonviolence' stand in 1988 and should not be detracted from . continuing to take such a Asked about the role of the: U.S. arms industries in a possi-

ble future Middle East conflict, former senator Percy said that. the United States arms industries were in the process of a major industrial transition. which would ultimately reduce: arms production. However, another member

of the delegation, actor Mike-Farrel, said that the Middle: East was a very likely target for arms sales. "That's one more reason

why we, as concerned peoples. and nations, must come together" to solve together the

In a tone of urgency Percy told reporters that "it has been: said of the Middle East that when events are not moving towards peace, they are moving towards war," Percy said.

Private college to open its doors in September

By Hana Darwazah
Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN - Amidst all the talk of new universities, the Amman University College was quietly established. The campus will be finished by the end of June and the four-year college will be officially inaugurated and open its doors to prospective students at the end of this coming September.

According to Dr. Ahmad Hourani, general-manager of the United Jordan Investment Company, the parent company of the college, the Amman University College, which is a private college, will open its doors to a capacity of 2,000 students at the end of

The college, which is located. g kilometres away from the main gate of the Jordan University on the Salt bighway, has already completed most of the construction of its facilities. including a girls' dormitory. Construction work will terminate by the end of this month (June).
"We are hoping to establish a college with a high standard.

Consequently, we have employed approximately 60 fulltime members of faculty, 18 of whom are full professors, in addition to 20 part-time professors. The percentage of doctorates of philosophy in the faculty will be 95%," according to Dr. Hourani.

Sources from the Ministry of Higher Education confirmed that the Amman University College is a four-year private college that is accredited and licenced to grant bachelor degrees from the Council of Higher Education of Jordan. The college will begin with. three faculties, although its five-year plan will eventually encompass six faculties. The majors being offered this com-

mg scholastic year will be:

administration, accounting, economics, statistics, computer science, law, Arabic and English literature, history, psychology and sociology, Dr. Hourani told the Jordan Times in an interview.

"The college plans to focus on the applied method of education plus an intensive Euglish programme, especially in the areas of business, finance and law. Approximately one fourth of the syllabus will be covered in the English language." Dr. Hourani said. plans for the next academic year include a school of science and a school of medicine and

technology."

According to Dr. Hourani, the college will accept students from Jordan and from other countries as long as they hold the equivalent of the Jordanian tawishi. The yearly tuition will be JD 2,000 for students from Jordan and \$4,000 for students from abroad. This fee covers the tuition, various services such as the library, health insurance and the standard required 36 credit hours to be distributed over two semesters or two semesters and a summer

The United Jordan Investment Company, the parent company of the college, is a private shareholding company which has already established three schools, "the university schools" which are located in "Jbeiha, Tla' Al Ali and Tarek.

The university has a board of trustees which includes prominent members of the community. Its president is Dr. Mohammad Said Naboulsi, the vice president Dr. Ahmad Hourani. The dean of the university will be Dr. Eid Dhayyat who is currently the acting vice-president of the University of Jordan. Other members of the board include Dr. Abdul Aziz Khayyat, Dr. Bassam El-Saket, Salem El Lawzi and management, finance, business Abdulrahman Bushnaq.

The exhibition, which was held

ness Crown Prince Hassan visited the exhibition and inspected samples of industrial products which also included items produced by vocational training schools, and charitable organisations in the

ducts of the Jordan Phosphate

A survey conducted by the

for a repeat. Yarmouk University students suggested that prizes be given to the articles that best features the

WHAT'S

the concerned institutions.

Exhibition of pointings and sculptures by five Jordanian artists at Abdul Hamed Shoman Foundation (19:00 a.m. - 5:00 p.m.)

gia Troupe at the Royal Cultural Centre - 7:00

Holiday declared

AMMAN (Petra) - All governments departments and public institutions will be closed Sunday June 10 in observance of the Great Arab Revolt and the Army Day, according to a communique issued by the Prime Minister's office. On the occasion, the administrative committee for the Public Security Department Mar-tyr's Fund decided to distribute JD 50 for each martyr's family.



JORDAN PETROLEUM REFINERY COMPANY LTD., AMMAN - JORDAN

TENDER INVITATION FOR PREQUALIFICATION AND BIDDING

Jordan Petroleum Refinery Co. Ltd., announces tender invitation No. 4/90 for the supply, erection and commissioning of a skid mounted sulphur recovery unit to recover sulphur from unibon acid gas and waste water stripper unit off gas streams.

The capacity of the proposed sulphur recovery unit is about 18 tonnes of liquid sulphur per day and the project includes the accompanying facilities as well as all civil, mechanical and electrical works related to the new installation.

Contractors who possess experience in the same field and are qualified financially and technically and who wish to participate in the above tender are invited to submit their prequalification documents not later than 12.00 p.m. Saturday 147/1990.

Prequalification documents should include the following:-

1. Financial capability of the contractor, financial references are to be provided. Technical capability of the contractor including details of experience and background of personnel,

specifications of available equipment, etc. 3. Detailed documents showing similar projects executed by the contractor, full names and addresses of firms and details of projects including contract

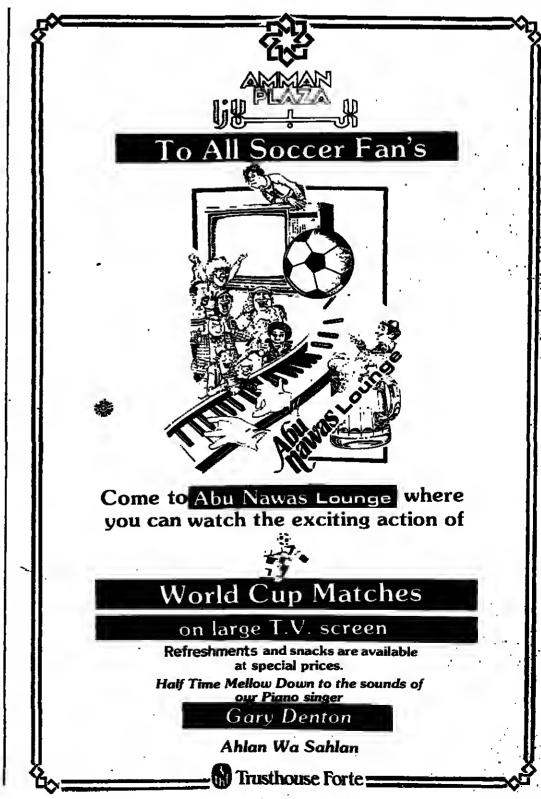
cost, and completion periods. Results of prequalification shall be announced and advised to participants as soon as they become available.

Tenderers are requested to sign a non-disclosure agreement before receiving the tender documents. Eligible contractors may obtain tender documents from the

company's head office at First Circle, Jabal Amman against

non-refundable JD (300) per set not later than 24/7/1990.

Offers should be submitted by qualified contractors to the company's head office not later than 12.00 p.m. Wednesday 17/10/1998.



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Look at the **ICRC** first

EVEN MORE relevant than increasing U.N. presence in the West Bank and Gaza Strip is enhancing the presence of the International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC). As the Fourth Geneva Convention is the most pertinent international instrument relevant to occupied territories and is recognised internationally as applicable to these territories, the international community should think in terms of having the ICRC measure its observance by Israel. The ICRC is the one special international body which is most concerned about the implementation of the Geneva conventions and has been the driving force behind the adoption of the two additional protocols to the conventions. It is only fitting therefore that it be given the mandate to oversee the application of the Fourth Geneva Convention in the occupied territories. In this vein, all the parties to the Arab-Israeli conflicts, including Israel and the PLO, are also parties to the Geneva conventions and their two additional protocols. Paradoxically, Israel has edged closer to accepting the applicability of the Fourth Geneva Convention in the West Bank and Gaza Strip when its deputy foreign minister invoked it last week as the basis for rejecting the idea of sending a U.N. monitoring team to these territories by the U.N. Security Council. Hitherto Israel had maintained that the convention does not apply to the territories occupied by it. At least now Israel is stopped from rejecting the applicability of this convention in the occupied Arab territories. Besides, all the international community without one exception recognises the applicability of the Fourth Geneva Convention in the West Bank and Gaza Strip not withstanding Israel's early protestations. Against this legal backdrop, the sensible thing to do now in the wake of the U.S. veto of the U.N. Security Council's resolution to send a tripartite team to monitor the situation in the West Bank and Gaza Strip is to rely on the ICRC to perform this mission.

Needless to say, the ICRC is better equipped to do such a job and its team of experts are, more experienced in conducting such missions than any other international body.

ARAB PRESS EDITORIALS

JORDANIAN DAILIES on Wednesday dwelt on statements by His Majesty King Hussein at a meeting with an American delegation led by former Senator Charles Percy, in which he called for the positive developments between East and West to benefit the Middle East conflict. Al Ra'l daily said that the superpowers have a duty to protect stability and peace in all parts of the globe so that world justice and universal peace can have a real meaning. The Arab Natinu, the King pointed nut, is keen on pursuing all efforts to arrive at a just peace and stability and so it is continuing its endeavours in response to all peace bids because the Arabs are convinced that peace in the Middle East is part of the glubal peace sought by various nations. The King was keen no stressing that the Middle East will remain a dangerous spot unless serious efforts are made to resolve the Arab-Israeli conflict, and that it can never enjoy stability unless Moscow and Washington work together to hring about the aspired peace to the region, the paper pointed out. The will of the international power, backed strongly by the superpowers should be respected by the Israelis, who are seeking to impose their hegemony on the Arah region, the King said. He warned that unless serious action to end the problem are taken soon, un une can predict the immensity of the great explosion in this area of the world.

A columnist in Al Ra'i daily criticised isolated and fruitless efforts nn the part of splinter groups of the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO), like the abortive attack on the Palestinian coast. He says that since the PLO is taking charge of all the moves on the diplomatic and military levels to deal with the situation, and since the uprising in Palestine is charging forth in confronta-tion with the Israeli occupation, there can be no point of overstepping the PLO's overall command. The latest operation at the Palestinian coast, which cost \$3 million and took two years to prepare for, according to Abu Abbas, has achieved nothing for the Palestinian people, said Tareq Masarweh in his column Wednesday. The writer also strongly and bitterly criticised the attack on the French tourists in Amman last month which, be said, triggered aimless sabotage by elements hostile to the Arab World in general and Jurdan in particular. The attack on the French tourists indeed overshadowed the atrocities of the Israeli anthurities in the occupied territories as well as it dealt a damaging blow to Jordan, the writer noted. He also criticised the local media also for calling for national unity in the wake of the disturbances because the media it look as though the Palestinians were pitted against the Jordanians and the Israelis by their outbursts over the killing of the eight Arab workers near Tel Aviv. "We must stop outbitting the PLO and refrain from any irrational and irresponsible actions that defeat their own purpose," he said.

Al Dustour referred to the King's talk with Charles Percy and said that extremist stands on the Israeli side were bound to beget extremism on the Arab side; and the situation could lead to a point where all the hopes and aspirations for a durable peace would be blown into thin air. The paper recalled the King's words that the PLO and the Arab Nation at large have done all they could to open the door for just peace in the Middle East region hot have been rebuffed by the Israelis who rejected also all international bids for restoring stability in the area. The paper also echoed the King's views about the Soviet Jewish immigration into Palestine backed by the United States, and said that the absorption of more Jews to be settled in Arab lands can only lead to further deterioration of the situation and to creating new tensions in the area.

Euphoria fades, analysts say summit produced little results

WASHINGTON - As the Euphoria of the Washington summit dissolves, some analysts are saying the meetings between President Mikhail Gorbachev and President George Busb produced little beyond a media jamboree and a lot of hyperbole.

"Never have so many said so much about so little. The fact is there really was nothing that wasn't prepared and agreed beforehand," said Uri Ra'anan, a professor of Soviet studies at Bos-

ton University.
"They have trivialised summits into how much the leaders and their wives like each other. This was from beginning to end a non-event," he said.

At their final news conference Sunday, Bush and Gorbachev acknowledged that they were still divided on two central points whether a unified Germany should be a full member of NATO and buw to bandle nationalist aspirations of the Baltic republics.

movement on regional conflicts like Afghanistan and the Middle East or on crucial conventional arms reduction talks for Europe.

But the leaders said they had at least gained a better understanding of each other's position and developed a warm personal rap-

For some commentators, the idea that personal friendship between leaders should influence the course of superpower rela-

tions is worrying in itself.
"We got nothing except the so-called personal relationship. Just when Gorbachev is sinking further and further, this is no time for Bush to be bragging about his personal relationsh with this particular politician," said Kim Holmes, director of political and defence studies at the conservative Heritage Found-

He and other right-wing analysts criticised Bush for making what they described as the only concession at the summit signing a trade agreement with Gorbachev that did not link the granting of most-favoured-nation (MFN) status to a resolution of the Baltic crisis.

Bush made it clear that for him at least, MFN was conditional There was little visible sign of only oo passage of Soviet emigration legislation and not on independence for Lithuania.

Others saw the summit in more positive light. approaching the summit with a

West German Chancellor Hel-

membership of NATO would be sorted nut in time. Richard Fieldhouse, a military analyst with the Natural Resoorees Defence Cunoeil,

mut Kohl said it has improved

conditions for German unifica-

tion and encouraged confidence

that the question of German

more left-wing view, said it was disingenuous to analyse it merely in terms of the four days of ussions in Washington.

"Part of the reason for scheduling the summit was to give the arms control negotiators a deadlice to complete START (strategic arms reduction trea-

negotiations may have dragged on for even longer. Setting a public target date meant that anything less than agreement would have been viewed by the

START were ironed out in time. rivalry to cooperation.

But enough were for the presi-Fieldhouse argued that without the deadline, the eight years of dents to sign an agreement laying out the actual document by the end of this year. Both the Washington Post and

New York Times took a positive view of the proceedings, arguing that the summit was another In fact, not all the problems in of superpower relations from



By David McDowall

Palestine Liberation Organisation, demonstrated through the in-Edited by Augustus Richard Nor- tifada. Southern Hinois University Press more use of Muslim, non-Arab states—idealacian

THE ESSAYS in this book set region's tangled weh? Such misout in give a taste of the cross-judgements as the support of currents with which the PLO has liberation groups(e.g. Turkish learnt to deal, in the Palestinian, Kurds and the Iranian Mujahe-Arah and Islamic (Iran) areoas, deen-Khalq) may have cost it and beyond these in the Com- important opportunities with munist world (USSR and China) Muslim countries which had no and in the Third World (Latin interest in subordinating the PLO

rious ideological disagreements account of the war with Iraq aspora into une national movement. No mean feat, as PLO leaders know better than any, and one which can only be safeguarded by constant maintenance

and repair.

the PLO has been painfully aware relations between the USSR and that it plays poker with its allies China when relations between as well as its foes. Its independ- these two states were so sour. ence from various Arab states One of the more revealing arti-that would subordinate it to their cles, by Adam Zagorin, discusses will has been achieved by dint of PLO finance. The Palestine finely judged skill and timing, or National Fund, the central fundgood fortune. At times the game resouces fairly equally between seemed to be up, most dramati- guns and butter, an indication

more. It ignores the centrality of lies.

The International Relations of the the Palestinian people palpahly

but less enmeshed in the Arab (unlike front-line Arab states). Rashid Khalidi lucidly explains But it is questionable what subbow the PLO has emerged as the stantial use it could have made of only credible representative of its relations with Iran (which bethe Palestinian people, how as an came complicated not only by the organisation it has largely over- tension between nationalist and come or contained the very se- Islamic revolution but also oo between constitueot members, not to mention the tricky matter and how, despite the fact that its of Lehanon's Shi'ites); or with leaders are all in exile, the PLO Turkey for which the NATO (and successfully welded those under particularly U.S.) relationship occupation and those in the di- has taken firm priority.

BOOK REVIEW

Beyond the Muslim East, the It is remarkable buw easily the rules of the game were quickly popular image of the PLO as a established with both China and revolutionary leftist organisation the USSR. Only a fool would took root in the West, despite the have believed that either would fact that its dominant faction, bave pursued "revolutionary Fatch, is politically quite con-ideology" to the manifest detri-servative. Western governments, ment of its own political and of course, have known this for military interests. The PLO has the last twenty years but because always known that its relations they did not want to see a Palesti- with Moscow are directly affected nian state materialise on the West by the relative importance nut Bank, they often did little to only of Syria, but also of the dissociate themselves from the current state of Superpower rivalpropaganda of Israel of the crude ry. It could have come as no reasoning of the tablaid press. surprise that China was secretly With such difficulties with its purchasing equipment frum adversaries, it could have done Israel. The greatest difficulty fur with mure reliable friends, the PLO, perhaps, was to main-However, since its earliest days, tain the optimum balance in its

when these went wrong, by sheer ing source of the PLO, divides its cally under Syrian siege in Tripoli that the PLO is well aware that in the lung run all armies, bowever The PLO's struggle to pursue inspired, must march un their its objectives and thwart those stomachs - in this case of a whn wished to undermine these whole people. But the enurmous are outlined in an article by R.D. financial structure is also a wide-McLaurin. But one must be un- spread, entreuched, network of easy at some of his judgements. It patronage — with ubviously coris surely naive to suppose Israel rupting influence, particularly wished to support Lehanon when it is set alongside the sacrifiagainst the PLO. Its viulent acts cial process necessary in the in-(blowing up civil aircraft at Beirut tifada. Some, as Zagorin shows, airport and blitzing Shi'ite vil- would like tu revolutionise PLO lages) were strange ways indeed financing, to tighten bureaucratic to uphold the credibility of the belts and to provide more sharply Lebanese government. It is also huned and effective support in his view that the PLO "has always been most powerful when it territories. It is open to question was an instrument of state policy, whether this will bappen. Yet it is and weakest when it aeted here, in its role within the iotifa-alone." I could hardly disagree da, that the real test for the PLO

Killings stop, but fear still grips Sri Lanka

By Andrew Browne

COLOMBO - Sri Lankans called them "chicken farms" because they produced a regular apply of "broilers."
The "farms" were detection

camps run by the military where suspected rebels were held during a left-wing insurgency that almost toppled the government.

At night, comarked jeeps would drive through the gates, armed men would jump out, buudle a group of detainees into the vehicle and drive off into the

The oext morning, a pile of corpses smouldering on car tyres would be found by the side of a road. These were the "broilers."

Walking through Culombo oow it is hard to imagine that just a few mouths agn Sri Lanka was a killiog graund where death squads were fighting a rebellion with cold terror.

A curfew has been lifted in the capital and troops are off the streets. With the Sinhalese guerrilla movement, the People's Liberation Front (JVP), apparently

crushed, the island celebrated May Day and its most holy Buddhist festival in high style last

On Colombo's Gaile Face

Greeo, a popular seaside promenade, a Soviet cultural troupe at a state-funded party entertained the crowds with juggling and

"It's as though nothing ever happened," said a leading human rights campaigner.

"This should be a time for prayer and remembrance. But oo, the government organises musical evenings in the villages, runs," she said.

Colombo residents say the party atmosphere masks an allpervasive fear.

Mass killings have stopped, but the threat of violence hangs over the island, muzzling the voices of dissent, silencing journalists and artists and preveoting Sri Lankans from confronting the horrors of their recent past.

"There is a tremendous fear of speaking out," said a Colombo academic

At the height of the violence

late last year, an average of 50 bodies was found each day. Diplomats say 8,500 people are known to have died in the car-

nage, but the real figure could be double that. "Everybody who was going to be killed has been killed," said one Western envoy.

Colombo's middle-classeswatched while left-wing rebels terrorised villages and anonymous "broilers" burned on country roads in retaliation. But they

were shaken by the murder in February of Richard de Zoysa, an outspoken journalist and cele-One night an unmarked jeep dinners. drew up to de Zoysa's house in a

plush suburb of Colombo and her son disappear and two days later was called to identify his body, which was found floating in

The initial government medical "No foul play is report said: suspected."

"Look," said a former civil

servant, now retired, "You speak out and you're dead. It's as sunple as that. They come in jeeps

and take you away and kill you." Before his death de Zoysa was involved in a play, a scang satire aimed at President Ranasinghe Premadasa, about a lunatic asylum and the doctor in charge

The day before its scheduled premiere, the producer myster-iously vanished, never to appear again, and the show was support. De Zoysa's death is still the hottest topic of conversation in the drawing rooms of suburban Colombo, carnestly discussed

Few dare express their anger openly. The killers are trying to. armed men dragged him away. silence his grief-stricken mother His mother, a doctor, watched who is pressing for a full judicial

enquiry.
"Mourn the death of your son, as a mother you must do so." said the sea, shot through the head: a handwritten letter mailed to herin May. "Any other steps will" result in your death at the most enexpected time. Security guards... cannot protect vou "Only silence will protect your .-

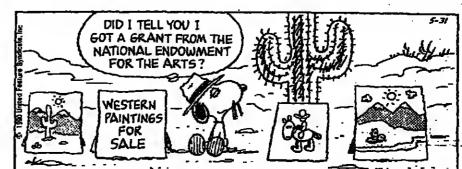
Mutt'n'Jeff



Andy Capp



Peanuts





Jordan Limes

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The art of silk-weaving revived

By Clare Pedrick

LYON, France - In heart of the bustling Croix-Rousse district, a towering statue of inventor Charles-Marie Jacquard pays tribute to the man who became the symbol of this city's once thriving silk

Less than a block away, a workshop run by a handful of artisans is breathing new life, into an art that once emsployed one in five people in Lyon. La Maison des Canuts the House of the Silk Weavers — is a working museum where craftsmen use ancient techniques to produce nsome of Europe's most richly decorated silk fabrics.

The workshop is small, with just 10 people, a drop in the ocean when compared with the 30,000 workers employed at any one time during the 17th, 18th and 19th centuries, when Lyon was one of the world's most prolific silk capitals. "Our trade union must be the smallest in the iworld," remarks weaver -Ludovic de la Calle. "There zare just five of us. The other working in the business had five didn't want to join." the idea of setting up the

th de Ze

never

In spite of its small size, the workshop has already carried out restoration work for silk hangings and upholstery at the Palace of Versailles, the Louvre, in Paris, and the Palace at Britain's Hampton Court. Just as important, say the weavers, the workshop has enabled thousands of visitors from all over the globe to watch one of the world's oldest crafts crafts being prac-

At 34, Ludovic de la Calle is one of the youngest of the artisans. He studied for three years at Lyon's Ecole de Tissage, a textile institute that nowadays is mainly devoted to modern manmade fabrics.

tised on original machines

that are themselves centuries

The theory learned, De la Calle had spend five years working as an apprentice to one of the few remaining weavers still in the business. "I wanted to do something creative, and coming from Lyon, which was once so important in the silk trade, this seemed a natural choice," he said. "Later, the few of us

ing what was fast becoming a dying art." In a room packed with

ancient bobbin-winding De la Calle. "It's thanks to machines and spinning wheels, visitors learn how the silkworm spins its thread up to 1.000 metres for each cocoon - and how skeins are washed and dyed in the oldest of traditions. Next door, the workshop itself is a hive of activity, with giant wooden looms clanking away as the weavers press foot pedals and pull levers on machines that look as though they could have come straight out of a Heath Robinson drawing.

The work itself is extremely, intricate. Preparation involves threading the loom with a meter-wide skein made up of hundreds of separate fine bewildering array of reels lined up on spools at the far end of the machine. Handmade patterns are first drawn on paper and then transferred onto pieces of perforated cardboard before being fed. into the machine from above.

"The hardest part is setting it all up," said De la Calle. "It can often take more than a day. The good thing is that with these machines, the only limitation is your own imagination. You can design literally anything you want. The drawback is that you can't afford to go back and correct any errors you may

have made." tion, speeding up the weaving process and making the rich fabric available to a much wider market than before. Even so, weaving is still a painstaking process, requiring endless patience and attention to detail from the operator. Changes in pattern are achieved by inserting a series of rods before cutting the threads to a preset design.

An experienced weaver can produce 40 centimetres of Jacquard silk m a working day. Richly embroidered silk brocade can be woven only at the snail's pace of 10 centimetres per day. It can easily take more than a year to finish one length of cloth for a hanging or a piece of upholstery. The Chambre du Roi (king's bedroom) at the Palace of Versailles took 20 years to com-

plete. Not surprisingly, the fabric is extremely expensive to buy, around 12,000 French francs (\$2,080) per metre. "We do

workshop as a way of preserv- get some private buyers who make special orders for upholstery coverings, but most of our work is restoration," said places like Versailles that the industry is undergoing a minirevival. It has made sure the traditional techniques are carried on and that young people continue to be trained in the

Today the weavers of Lyon import their silk thread from China, which still produces the cheapest and best-quality raw materials, they say. In the old days the weavers of Croix-Rousse used thread spun from silkworms raised on mulberry trees, which were onee planted all over southern . France.

Lyon owed its prominence as a silk producer to its geogthreads that are fed from a raphical position in the southeastern corner of France, close to the Alpine border with Italy. In the 16th century the French King François I invited Italy to send its best weavers to settle in Lyon from. the northern Italian town of Como, then the silk capital of Europe.

> "He also, very wisely, invited the famous Italian bankers to come to Lyon," De la Calle said. "The two activities have always gone hand in

Italian silk weavers continued to dominate in design, but the craftsmen of Lyon eventually surpassed in output and in the techinques that The Jacquard loom, named they developed to improve for its 18th-century inventor, prodution. In its heyday, in mid-19th century, me Croix-Rousse district contained 60,000 looms turning out silk.

The evolution of silk-fabric design in Lyon is traced in a museum in the centre of town, the Musee Historique des Tissus (Textile Museum). Here, in more than 30 showrooms, the history of silk is told. A large section is devoted to the French industry, with examples of Jacquards, satins, silks worked with gold and silver threads, fine taffetas and heavy damasks and brocades.

In other rooms the earlier history of the industry is explored, with rare Copt fabrics and tapestries, silks dating to 1000 A.D. woven by the Byzantine and Islamie civilisations of the Mediterranean and a dazzling assortment of silk Persian and Turkish carpets, dating from the 15th to the 18th centuries, that depict ancient legends, flowers and hunting scenes - World



Using ancient looms, a young group of French made Lyon famons.

The history of silk

LEGEND has it that the first person to discover the precious secret of the silkworm was the wife of Chinese Emperor Huang Ti (the Yellow Emperor), back in 2690 B.C. for centuries the fabric was reserved for members of the imperial court, and exporting the silkworm abroad was a crime punishable by death.

In the 3rd century B.C. the Chinese began to export the nry prizea ciota to Ingia, ja an and other Asia countries. Prices were exorbitant - silk was virtually worth its weight in gold. Although the silk went abroad, the secret of how it was made continued to be closely guarded.

In the last decade of the century, soldiers of Alexander the Great discovered the silk cloth during their conquest of Persia and took fragments back home to Greece. The fabric reached Italy two centuries later, around 100 B.C., but its source still remained a mystery.

China's monopoly on silk production came to an end in the 3rd century A.D., when Chipese emigrants living in Japan managed to smuggle out some silkworms. Although silk manufacture soon spread to eastern India, the secret was kept from the Europeans. Then, in the 6th century, two Persian monks working as missionaries in India hid some silkworm larvae in their hollow bamboo walking sticks and took them to the Roman emperor, Justinian. The emperor ordered the planting of mulberry trees in various parts of the Roman Empire.

In Italy, silk-making soon became a flourishing industry. The Italians gave their own stamp to the art, inventing a new fabric - velvet. Italian design and creativity in the production of sumptuous silks was to reach its peak in the fertile of the Renaissance. In 1536 French King Francois I offered Italian silk weavers generous rewards if they would come and teach their craft to the people of Lyon. Workshops were set up in the Croix-Rousse district of the city, and Lyon flourished. The city's preeminence lasted nearly three centuries. Its death knell was sounded by the arrival of synthetic fabrics - World News Link.

craftsmen produce the rich fabrics which have

SPEAKING of the United States and those who have less than positive feelings towards American policies towards the Middle East, Dr. Abdul Razzaq Nsour, mayor of Salt, recently turned down an official invitation to visit the U.S. and attend a mayors' conference there. His decision came in protest against "biased" U.S. policies towards the Palestinian problem and the Arab World in general. When questioned about this decision, American embassy officials looked around, thought a little about it and then said: "It is a pity. The mayor's presence might have contributed

UNWITTINGLY of course, your favourite newspaper, the Jordan Times, lent itself to an American argument that the press everywhere, and not just the American press, could be unbalanced, biased or downright misinformative. Upon meeting a U.S. delegation recently, Jordanian parliamenta-rians, led by Speaker Suleiman Arar, raised a complaint

about how American media were getting their facts mixed up, and worse still, particularly when it came to reporting and commenting on the Arab side of affairs in the Middle East conflict. Former Senator Charles Percy, head of the visiting U.S. delegation, came back with a rejoinder. He pointed out that the press everywhere, and not just the U.S. media, has its shortcomings. He gave as an example

the Jordan Times, which reporting on his and his team's

peace mission, had misidentified him as a long-time leader of the Democratic Party, when in fact the senator had always been a Republican. The Jordanian parliamenta-

rians, or some of them at least, might have been impressed by Percy's witty, give-the-two-sides story that he mentioned. Not us though. Percy was indeed a sensible senator who did his best to balance Middle East policies in his house on Capitol Hill. So much so in fact that the Israeli

lobby went after and got his neck as the price for his

even-handed approach. But to compare our little, inadvertent mistake here at the Jordan Times with the generally,

but perpetually, biased coverage of Arab policies by some

major media organs in the U.S. is very unfair. Senator

Percy and his peace delegation are always welcome in

Jordan of course. But, please guys, try comparisons that

THE U.S. government, in its efforts to make America better understood abroad, has established what is called

the "international visitor programme." In the programme,

selected professionals, writers, journalists and others get

invited to the U.S. for a few weeks to get acquainted with

the system of government or with certain issues and

institutions there. Programmes take the participants into

the world of politics and legislation and explain the

lobbying system as well as the interaction of the media with

government agencies among many other things. What the

Americans apparently hope to achieve from these prog-

rammes is to bring about a better understanding of the

United States and perhaps even attempt to reverse any

negative feelings that the participants may have acquired of

the U.S. Well, one of our colleagues in the Jordan Times'

Arabic sister, Al Ra'i, was the guest of one of those

programmes last month. Upon his return earlier this week,

he wrote a long column entitled "In Uncle Sam's Country"

in which he extolled the value of his tour in five states and

spoke highly of the individual Americans and institutious

he met with and visited during his stay there. However, he

concluded his column by saying: "I want to say that I went

to the United States convinced that it was the number one

enemy of the Arab World, and here I come back even more

convinced that this is true, for the saying that 'America is

Israel and Israel is America' does not come from a void at

all." The conclusion must have gone down very well with

many of Amayreh's readers on Al Ra'i pages, especially coming as the article did right after the U.S. veto against

sending a U.N. fact-finding mission to the Israeli occupied

West Bank and Gaza Strip. But what about the reaction of the

Americans - those who hosted and invited him in the first

place? What do they say to that? We really don't know the

answers. Nor have we attempted to find one. But most

probably the Americans will say: "This is American

democracy for you." Our only hope is that U.S. officials do

not get so discouraged by Amayreh's article that they

would actually consider cancelling all visitor visas to travel

really can stand the test of time.

towards changing American perceptions and images of Jordan and the Arab World. He could have used the trip and the conference as a forum to explain the Arab point of view, instead of boycotting America per se." So far, so good. But for a counter view, please see the item on the results of another Jordanian's visit to the U.S. above. Incidentally, the other Jordanian, like the mayor, comes

Renate Schimkoreit-Pott, first secretary at the West German embassy, when she leaves the Kingdom next week after a two-year tenure in Amman; it will also mean a temporary separation from her husband, Marcel Pott, head of the West German broadcasting network's (ARD) Middle East bureau which is based in the Jordanian capital. Perhaps the consolation for Dr. Schimkoreit-Pott is that she will be assuming a senior albeit undisclosed post at the Foreign Ministry. But the separation could be a bit prolonged from the look of things around here in Amman,

IT WILL not only be a departure from Jordan for Dr.

since her husband does not appear to be entertaining any idea of leaving Jordan any time soon. Well, good luck to Renata in Bonn. As for Marcel, his many friends in Jordan and the Middle East will certainly be trying to make his stay as little unpleasant and lonely as possible in his wife's absence. Mind you Marcel will also have a lot of political developments to watch and follow which will keep him busy most of the time. The Middle East is back in the

THOUGHED DOWN THE VOLUME

The world war after the next one will be fought with Albert Einstein, German-born physicist (1879-1955).

Eating words has never given me indigestion. - Sir Winston Churchill, British Statesman (1874-1965),

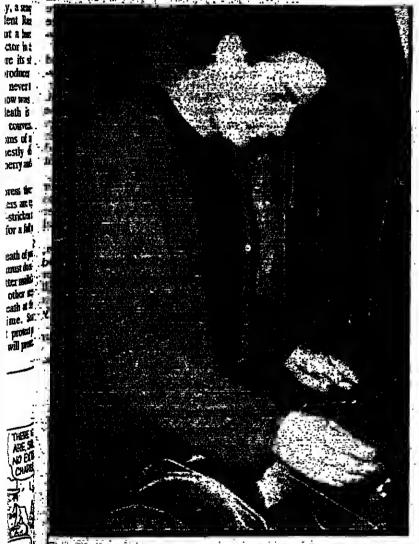
Life is like an onion. You peel it off one layer at a time, and sometimes you weep.

Carl Sandburg, U.S. poet (1878-1967)

The world is a comedy to those who think, a tragedy to Horace Walpole, English statesman (1678-1757).

Self conquest is the greatest of victories. Plato, Greek philosopher about 427 B.C.-347 B.C.

Nermeen Murad



Ludovic de la Calle enjoys the freedom of design Bowed by the old looms that revolutionised the slik industry in the 18th century.

Jerusalem in History — heavy beat of a muffled draw

By Alistair Duncan

Jerusalem in History Edited by K.J. Aseli. Published by Scorpion Publications Ltd. 295 pages. Retail price £13.95

THE BIBLIOGRAPHY OF Jerusalem is among the most extensive in the world and encompasses, on the one hand, extremes of fantasy, banality and mischievous propaganda. On the other hand, it is at its best a daunting array of scholarship too diverse and complex for the general reader to hope to assimilate. This is clearly indicated in this book by the reference notes at the end of each of its nine chapters and the quoted bibliography at its end. There is also a simplified but useful index. Full marks, therefore, for a clear, concise and compact presentation by the editor and the publisher.

The passage of history and its examination enables the first eight chapters to be written by experts in each period, whose scholarship has been welded into a simply presented and chohesive whole by the skill of the editor, Dr. Asali and the publisher's editors, Leonard Harrow and John Orley. These eight accounts are factual and encapsulate each period without polemic. This is particularly valuable in chapter II, in which Professor Mendenhall covers the turbulent period from David

to the first Roman investment of the city in 33 pages. It is, perhaps, the last chapter DX which will understandably

need for this reviewer to rehearse the well-known arguments and positions adopted since 1917 by Arabs, Jews and their respective supporters, who have adjusted their backing from time to time to suit their own wider interests. This is the added complication that has helped the "Palestine issue" to dominate the politics of the Levant, the Middle East and indeed global interests from time to time, which for all practical purposes originated at the turn of the century with the writings of Hertzi.

BOOK REVIEW

Professor Hudson treads surely and fairly through the minefield of claim and counter-claim. It is a turbulent phase, most of all for the present "victors" who choose to live by the sword amongst the remaining indigenous population, upon whom they seem content to visit so much of the horror which they themselves experienced in Europe. Nor has Britain's role as a declining influence in world affairs, been able to live up to obligations recognised but not realisable in the face of the U.S.'s seemingly blind support for Israel as her Cold War ally. This, however, is a role which must now be subject to some revision as not only America's previous enemies, but the Arab states move towards democratic structures.

Professor Hudson's dispassionate account of the inexorable steps that takes the reader from 1917 to 1987 has the heavy excite the most intense interest amongst general readers. No beat of a muffled drum. The new messianic drive of Zionism

was facilitated in the early days by discord amongst Arab governments, whose heaviest weapon was undoubtably rhetoric. By the time this was replaced by military competance and more realistic policies, Israel's nuclear capacity, achieved largely by the voluntary and involuntary support of the US, remained a trump card against the UN and other attempts to resolve the issue on a just and honourable basis.

There can be no conclusion in this book. However, one can reasonably say that resolution may well be found when faith transcends religion and doctrinal differences are mutually recognised and respected. Trade and commerce, the languages which need no interpreter, would then flourish and the politics would adjust themselves to suit all parties. At the risk of being accused of wishful thinking, post eventum, could it not be envisaged that if the Zionist movement had elected to play its part in the triconfessional state of Palestine propsed by the League of Nations, later to be endorsed by the UNO, and based upon the administration set up by the mandate government, there would still be Jewish leaders and men of renown in Arab capitals. The rich cultural and commercial contributors of the Jewish communities in the Maghreb, the Levant and the Mashreq would have remained in place.

This book fulfills its title role with modest clarity. The section of 28 half-tone photographs is a useful addition, and a second edition will correct the caption of plate I4 to read "east" and not "south"! It will long remain a first class ready reference on the bookshelves of those concerned with the history and welfare of this Holy City.

JTV Channel 2 Weekly Preview

Thursday, June 7

8:30 The Cosby Show

Husband and kids celebrate Clare's 46th birthday and never give her a moment to forget that she's become closer to 50.

9:10 WBA Basketball

10:00 News in English

10:20 Movie of the Week The Reluctant Agent Inc.

Starring: Richard Lawson

Charlene and Linda are twin sisters, and since they are so different, they decide to switch roles. Linda gets entangled in a spying. game for the Feds. And helps nail drug - dealer Gabriel.

Friday, June 8

8:30 Didi's Comedy Show

Didi is about to get married - at church he discovers he forgot the marriage rings locked inside the car. Didi tries hard to retrieve it but to little avail. Too late his bride to be already gives birth to a child.

9:10 Beauty and the Beast

Vincint is still haunted by the disappearance of his son. To get a glimpse of his son he does something drastic - he surrenders to his enemies.

10.00 News in English

10:20 Quincy For love of Joshua

A pediatrician is a firm believer in the right of every newly born child - regardless of physical deformities - to live. Quincy supports this wholeheartedly.



A scene from Blind Faith, Monday 10 : 20 : Robert Marshal (Robert Urich) is put behind

Saturday, June 9

8:30 Surgical Spirit

One of the doctors decides to get married to a colleague, Sheila does not take kindly to this and harasses Jonathan about this whole deal.

9:00 Encounter

9:30 Musical Programme

10:00 World Cap

Italy vs. Austria

11:45 Allo... Allo...

The French resistance movement is trying to sneak downed British pilots out of France and the Gestapo is doing its best to stop them just how gullible could they

Sanday, June 10

8:30 Hey Dad

Jeanie buys a mouse of the biting kind. The new secretary is naive; daddy hits his car and Debbie is always. on the phone. Now what kind of a family is this?

9:10 Documentary

Global Report

Owing to the peculiar nature of the Japanese culture and economy, the average Japanese worker finds it difficult to retire in old age and so certain institutions belo them fill this leisurely time.

9:45 News in English

10:00 World Cup

Brazil vs. Sweden

Monday, June 11

8:30 Perfect Strangers

Larry and Balhi are busy looking for a poem stashed somewhere in the house. The poem is believed to be very valuable but the hard labour produces a few cheap words.

8:55 Blind Faith

Robert is saved from the suicide attempt which was motivated by fear of getting accused of murder - his hired detective turns against him in court and Robert is accused of the murder anyway.

9:45 News in English

10:00 World Cup

England vs. Ireland Tuesday, June 12

8:30 Charles in Charge

Charles is unable to do his homework because Sara is sad she lost her toy, Jamie is having problems with her date, and Buddy is experimenting... now how can anyone work under such circumstances!

8:55 A Horseman Riding By

The war changes things around. New characters come into the scene. Some get married, new friendships get established and more dramatic events unfold.

9:45 News in English

10:00 World Cup

Netherlands vs. Egypt

Wednesday, June 13

8:30 Golden Girls

On a cozy winter evening the 3 women start remembering some fond memories which happened in the same room. Remembering the post brings them closer to each other.

8:55 Documentary

The Nuclear Age

The cold war between the two superpowers intensifies, especially when Soviet Union penetrates the Western hemisphere through Cuba. The Cuban missile crisis ends when Soviet Union removes its weapons from Cuba.

9:45 News in English

10:00 World Cup

Argentina vs. USSR

Weekend Crossword

Stuff aud Nonsense By Elizabeth Arthu

1 Globe 4 Stragivarius 9 Mystic 14 Sloventy one 18 Diamond — 19 Gr. physician lloors 21 Sped 22 Gibbensh 26 Messages 30 Loos and 31 NM art

carte 48 Fairy queer

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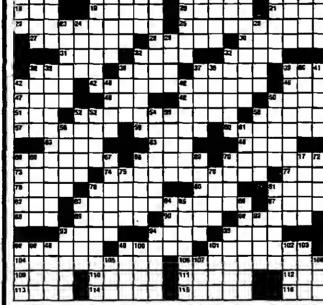
old Greece 39 Piece or bath 42 Arabian

19 X 19, By Martha J. De Witt

30 Alr 32 Seves 34 Pay by mail 35 Wishes 37 Freeway ramps 39 Basks 40 Enthuslasm

61 Prepaied for businese 62 Garbage creft 64 Chunks 64 Chunks 66 Singer Burl 67 Roman poet 69 Chiel 71 Fortune-tell card 72 Interior 73 Caresses 74 Dozes 75 Fine sand

81 Used makeup 83 Played the fluide 84 Prny to 85 VIP U. Fin rous Justi 92 Hideout 93 Callys part 94 Herd member 95 Framework, 96 Continental



Edited by Herb Ettenson

Last Week's Cryptograms

It augurs well when unpredictably dry holes begin producing oil.
 Witness for the prosecution, called in court, withheld pertinent facts.
 Magician's high but was home to his rabbits'and hirds between acts.
 "Chocolate" does start sentence ending in "high cholesterol."

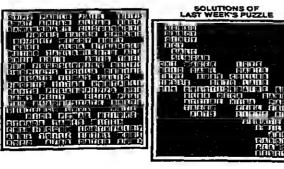
CRYPTOGRAMS I. QTX GLQ GQFEW AFM BQRPEM NXZVFSX

YZQS AECBJ SCZJXP BCY GDTW FN NCMDTH PLZQFHL PLX TQRX. -By Gordon Miller LFLX PLAIR EUBAROR GAFF BV OIROTIX

TOIEYAUO. HBBT GAR RARW'Y IAGO YB

3. HOPZI BIGSHOWS YOU AIN OU SOQSBNZGS OU NG UTIYZAW IQ NTS HIPSI. -By Ed Huddleson

4. JRCH LSJBSO KHBL FRKCHA FJO CH HBL FRECHASO RPJFFRECHASE CHERFE EOTE--By Earl Ireland



Long hair heralds return of Passion Play

By Richard Meares Reuter

OBERAMMERGAU, West Germany - In a tiny mountain village in Bavaria, nearly half the men have grown long shaggy hair and unkempt beards to face an invasion force half a million strong.

The early Christian look is a must for any man taking part in the world-famous Passion play which opens Monday in Oberammergau, 100 kilometres south of Munich.

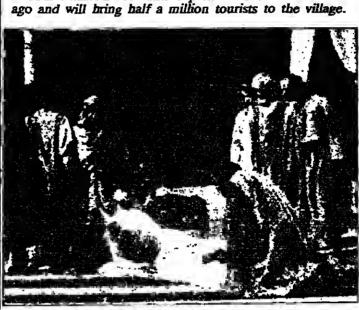
While the men have been following custom, the women have staged a coup with the backing of the play's rebellious new director, Christian Stuecki.

Stueckl, an outspoken 28-year-old decided to modernise the tradition-bound version of Christ's betrayal and death which is staged once a decade to keep a vow made by villagers after they survived an outbreak of black plague in

Ignoring a rule that actresses had to be under 35 and single, he chose Elisabeth Petre, a 38-year-old married mother of two, as one of two women playing Mary, Jesus's To the outrage of traditionalists, other women barred

under the rule challenged it in the courts and won. More than 250 of them got parts. The traditionalists fought back, thwarting most of Stueckl's plans to modernise the text, the set design and the

The "passionsspiel", staged solely by local amateurs, is acted five times a week until September. It sold out months



A scene from the 1960 production

Oberammergau prepares for the Passion

Nearly half the 5,000 residents help to put on its 14 acts and 60 scenes, which take all day to perform. They get special time off from their jobs, which outsiders come in to

Village squabbles are nothing new to the play. "As soon as Oberammergauers stop arguing, the Passion Play would fall flat," said Ernst Maria Lang, whose father

was director from 1920 to 1960. A more serious debate rages over charges of anti-Semitism in the text, written in 1811 by a local Catholic priest. Othmar Weis, and revised half a century later.

Adolf Hitler approved it as a "convincing portrayal of the menace of Jewry." Since American Jews launched a boycott 20 years ago, the stereotyping of Jews and lines blaming them for the

death of Christ have been watered down or removed. The rows have not put off tourists. Pre-tax profits of more than eight million marks (\$5 million) were made by a special 1984 production marking 350 years since the first. In 1680, the play moved to the

start of each decade. It was initially enacted in the graveyard, but a 4,700-seat open-air playhouse was huilt at the turn of this century. A meadow-covered mountain forms a natural backdrop.

row of Virigin Marys and other wood carvings, the traditional trade of Oberammergau. Such Incrative spin-offs have led to criticism of the over-commercialisation of what is still, for most of those

taking part, a decyty orligious event.

The playhouse is surrounded by shops selling row upon

THIS WEEK IN HISTORY

Saturday, June 9

68 - Roman Emperor Nero commits suicide.

1572 - Turkish fleet puts to sea against Don John of Austria to complete capture of Cyprus.

1800 - Austrians are defeated by French in Battle of Montebello, Italy. 1827 — Turkey rejects

allied note for truce with Greece. 1896 — Russo-Japanese agreement recognises Russia's

position in Korea. 1915 - Severe riots breat out in Moscow.

1916 - Grand Sheriff of Mecca revolts against Turkey. 1940 - Norway's army surrenders to Nazis in World War II. 1961 — United Nations

calls on Portugal to cease repressive measures in Angola. 1967 - Gamal Abdul Nasser resigns as president of Egypt after his country is defeated in war with Israel.

1972 — U.S. planes raid perimetres of Hanoi and Haiphong in most concentrated bombing of North Vietnam's military heartland inmore than four years.

1975 — Philippines establishes diplomatic relations with China, breaking its ties with Nationalist Chinese government on Taiwan.

casualties are reported as Iran are murdered. and Iraq trade air attacks on residential areas across their agree to preserve "open 1,180-kilometre border.

1987 — Western leaders, at summit in Venice, renounce break out in Dublin, Ireland. making deals with terrorists and endorse nuclear deterr-

1989 - Two bombs blow up seconds apart on main seaside boulevard in Syriancontrolled west Beirut, killing three people and wounding four others.

Sunday, June 10

1610 - First Dutch settlers in America land on Manhattan Island.

1719 - Holy Roman Emperor Charles VI expels Spaniards from Sicily. 1794 - Power of French revolutionary tribunals is in-

creased, leading to mass ex-

1848 - Austrian forces are victorious at Vicenza in Italy against Sardinians. 1868 - Michael III, King of

Serbia, is murdered, and is succeeded by Milan IV. 1891 - L. Starr Jameson becomes administrator of South Africa company's areas

1898 - U.S. Marines invade Cuha in Spanish-American war.

ecutions.

1903 — King Alexander I Zambesi: Portugal assigns

1984 - Heavy damage and and Queen Draga of Serbia Barotseland to Britain and

door" in China. 1917 - Sinn Fein riots access to sea. United Nations ceasefire with reform under guidance of

conquered territory four times its own size. 21-year-old embargo on trade

with China. Korea block thousands of stu-

Korea for reunification talks. 1989 — Police arrest 1,000 people in Seoul, Korea, as border. radical students hattle riot police in demand for over- Party chief Leonid I. Brezh-Woo.

Monday, June 11 1509 — Troops of Florence take Pisa in Italy.

1675 — France and Poland form an alliance. 1685 — Duke of Monmouth's repellion breaks out and that an international conin England.

1719 - Spanish invaders of Scotland are defeated at Glenshiels and surrender. 1891 - Britain and Portug-

al sign further convention of

Nysaland becomes a British 1907 - Japan and France protectorate. 1895 — Britain annexes

Togoland to block Transvaal's 1898 — Emperor Te Tsung 1967 — Israel agrees to of China begins 100 days of

Egypt, with Israel holding Kang Yu-Wei. 1940 - Princess Juliana of the Netherlands arrives in 1971 — United States lifts Canada as an exile during World War II.

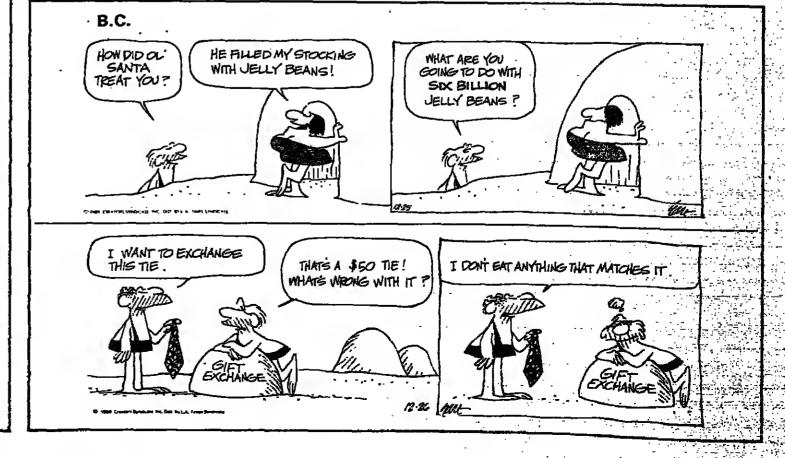
1963 — Greek Premier 1988 - Riot police in Sonth Constantine Caramanlis resigns in protest of King Paul's dents trying to march to North state visit to Britain. 1969 - Soviet and Chinese

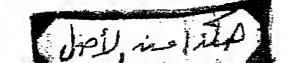
troops clash on Sinking 1971 — Soviet Communist

throw of President Rob Tae- nev calls for end to arms race between U.S. and USSR. 1981 — Earthquake in southeast Iran kills at least

1,500 people. 1984 — His Majesty King Hussein says the United States is disqualified as a peacemaker in Middle East

ference is only way to settle disputes. 1988 — Syrian-backed dissidents battle with loyalists of Palestinian leader Yasser. Arafat at two devastated reterritories north and sonth of fugee camps in West Beirut. By the Associated Press





Food irradiation -- experts discount fears

By Clare Pedrick

GENEVA - Hiroshima, Chemobyl... the words conjure np a deadly cloud of radioactivity killing hundreds of thousands and making the land forbidden desert for decades or more.

The fear of nuclear energy is rooted deep in people's heart, yet scientists and public health experts alike say that radiation technology can be safely and effectively used to protect the world's food supply. Next to the frozen food section, they argue, supermarkets should have an irradiated food section. Consumers would be able to buy potatoes that don't sprout, strawberries that aren't moldy and, perhaps most important, poultry and egges with greatly reduced amounts of the toxic salmonella bacteria:

Food that is irradiated is. exposed to carefully measured amounts of ionizing radiation, through X-rays, electron bombardment or gamma rays - the same rays that are used in radiotherapy to treat cancer

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"People think that the food itself becomes radioactive, but this is a gross misconception," said Dr. Morton Satin, chief of the Agricultural Industries Service at the United . The United States has autho-Nations Food and Agricultural Organisation (FAO) in fruits, vegetables, pork. Rome. 'The radioactivity passes through, but the only. thing that absorbs it is the enzyme that gets destroyed. In the case of a potato, it's the enzyme that causes it to sprout prematurely. It's the same for meats that contain diation of domestically pro- ing products safer for public

Food irradiation is not a new idea. Research began back in the 1940s and more than a thousand scientific studies have been completed. After studying the results of some of those studies, experts at the FAO and the World Health Organisation (WHO) say that the technique is not only safe but that it should be positively encouraged as a way of treating certain foods to wipe out two serious threats like food spoilage and food-borne, potentially fatal,

In spite of such endorsements, the issue remains a controversial one. So far, no country has begun irradiating food on anything like a wide commercial scale. In the developing world, governments have given the go-ahead in Bangladesh, India, Thailand, Brazil, Chile, Argentina and Uruguay, The Soviet Union and several Eastern European states are also using the process to treat some foodstuffs. But among the Western industrialised nations there has been a widespread reluctance

to introduce the technology. France is the most advanced, using irradiation to decontaminate chicken used in the food-processing industry. rised irradiation for poultry, wheat and herbs and spices, hut advocates of irradiated foods have met strong consumer resistance. Australia, New Zealand, Britain, Switzerland, West Germany and Sweden have hanned irraimport irradiated products.

Deep - seated fears

in Geneva, Dr. Fritz Kaferstein, manager of the Food Safety Unit, blames the resistance on the emotionalism of an inadequately informed robiologists and do not realise public. "People have very deep-seated fears when it comes to nuclear power, and research shows it all goes back to Hiroshima," he said. "Chernobyl reconfirmed many people's opinions that you cannot trust this type of technology. In fact, food irradiation has nothing, but nothing, to do with Chernobyl, but this distinction is not

made. 'We are satisfied it is safe," he continued. "We have done our homework and we are concerned that this technology is being rejected out of hand, regardless of the enormous benefits it could bring to

On of the most dramatic applications of food irradiation, proponents argue, is in preventing food-borne diseases that kill thousands of people each year in developing and developed countries alike. as well as costing millions of dollars in medical bills and loss of worktime. In a recent joint report the FAO and the WHO stated that illness caused by contaminated food is perhaps the most widespread health problem in modern-day society.

Those in Favour of irradiation claim that it kills contaminants in foodstuffs, thus mak-

duced foodstuffs and will not consumption. "In almost all industrialised countries poultry meat is up to 100 per cent contaminated with sal-At the WHO headquarters monella," said Kaferstein.

"Of course, we do not cat raw chicken, but we have to handle it, season it, use a knife to cut it. Consumers are not michow easy it is to cross-contaminate other foods that will not be cooked. If one bacterial cell reaches a piece of food, then in half a day it will multiply into 10 million cells. That's when you get food poisoning, and in the case of the old, the very young and people who are already ill. it can kill."

Eggs are another major risk area. A salmonella strain has found its way into the egglaying flocks of many industrialised nations during the past few years. In the United Kingdom almost 100 per cent of the eggs are contaminated. Kaferstein says that irradiating the eggs would eliminate

the bacteria. In developing countries irradiation could help reduce food shortages by reducing the amount of spoilage.
According to the FAO, between one quarter and one third of the world's entire food production is lost to pests, fungus and bacteria. In tropical countries, where high temperatures and high humidity create special problems in storing food, the figure may be 50 per cent or higher. China alone loses 80 million tons of grain each year in

post-harvest spoilage. "Just think of the impact an expensive business, at least food irradiation could have on in the initial stages. But stu-

helping a country like China. which has one billion mouths to feed," said Kaferstein. "It's a technology that could also help developing countries expand their export markets and increase their earning possibilities," he added. "Food irradiation prolongs shelf-life, so it would enable countries producing tropical fruits and vegetables to reduce their losses and perhaps choose a cheaper method of transport. Pineapples, mangoes and papaya from West Africa and South America could be transported by boat instead of being flown in. It would also mean that customers in the receiving countries would have these products at a lower

Irradiation benefits tropical countries

Food experts also point out that irradiation would benefit tropical countries whose food exports are currently banned by some industrialised nations because of suspected contamination. "Prawns produced in tropical climates are quite frequently contaminated with hacteria such as salmonella," said Kaferstein. "If (the prawns) were irradiated, countries like Bangladesh and Thailand could export far more. Of course, the rich importing countries have got to accept food irradiation before they can expect the developing countries to commit themselves to the investment."

Food irradiation is certainly group, the London Food of it," said Satin. "I'd much



Touted by scientists as the best way to prevent food spollage and the Mnesses caused by contaminated

foods, the irradiation of foodstuffs would guarantee potatoes that would

dies by officials from FAO, Commission, complain that WHO and the International (IAEA) say the high costs would be more than offset by the savings from reduced losses and spoilage of foodstuffs.

training of personnel and strict controls on the use of irradiation equipment. "There are plenty of developing countries, such as India, China, Malaysia, Thailand and Brazil, which are very well organised and would be perfectly capable of dealing with technologies like this, said Kaferstein. 'There are at all. others, especially those

sophisticated technology." Opponents of irradiation. led by a British consumer

promise in a bitter con-

troversy between some people

with AIDS and researchers

who fear participants in clinic-

al trials will drop out if the

Jim Eigo, a member of the

drugs are available elsewhere.

AIDS Research Advisory

of DDC and AZT seems to be

more effective than either

caught up in the middle of

the process could be used to Atomic Energy Association mask the quality of food that is already past its prime and that consumers would have no guarantee that the product they are buying has been treated. Customers would have All three organisations stress the need for adequate to rely on trust and labeling, a point that supporters of irradiation concede.

> The London group also claims that irradiation causes vitamin losses. True, says Kaferstein, but so does every other form of food preservation and storage -- and potatoes that have begun to sprout have virtually no vitamins left

> When it comes down to it, say many proponents, the food irradiation issue is really

civil wars, where I would hesione of free choice. tate to suggest any kind of "My daughter got salmonella when she was two

into a supermarket and choose between two clearly marked types of chicken that which probably has got salmonella and that which de-200 finitely hasn't."

"People smoke and drive" cars, even when there is clear proof that they are endangering their lives, taking risks that are hardly acceptable," added Kaferstein. "Yet on" this issue they are calling for a zero risk, which is something. that simply does not exist in C this life. What we can say is w that the risk is very, very minimal, almost certainly farless than the risk we run by poisoning ourselves with hidden toxins that exist in many foods that we consider natural. I think, as informedadults, we should be allowed \$35 to take that decision for years old and very nearly died ourselves." World News

New experimental drug may slow progress of AIDS

By Joseph Neff The Associated Press-

NEWARK, New Jersey ---AIDS experts hope that a new about DDC is that it is lookexperimental drug will slow ing more and more to be the disease and prove less toxic to be," said Dr. Jay Lalezari, viral drugs AZT and DDI.

The-U.S.-Food and Drug Administration (FDA) has made Hoffman-La Roche's drug DDC available to AIDS cy, but it looks like it is patients in a "compassionate use programme" designed to

test the safety of the drug, the pharmaceutical company and the FDA has announced.

"The most exciting thing the progress of the deadly drug that DDI was supposed al Research Centre at Mount Zion -Hospital in San Francisco.

"We don't know the effica- Lalezari said. well-tolerated," he said.

Myers has been distributing the experimental drug DDI free in a similar compassionate use programme to about 8,000 patients who are not responding to AZT treatment

or cannot tolerate AZT. has shown few side effects,

AZT is the only AIDS drug approved by the FDA. DDC, New York-hased Briston because it is still classified as

me announced Thursday ex- ceiving.

The side effects of DDI lives of some people infected DDI or AZT. The study will depression, but DDC, which stopped taking the drug bestands for dideoxycytidine, cause of side effects such as anemia and depletion of bone

There are two ongoing clinical trials in which researchers are comparing the effec-

experimental, is available tiveness of DDC and AZT. only in clinical trials. The Patients do not know which of compassionate use program- the two drugs they are re-

Hoffman-La Roche will be-Though it does not cure gin a study on June 25 with 50 AIDS, AZT prolongs the patients who cannot tolerate tiveness of DDC.

If little toxicity is found, the programme will be expanded to 200 patients after four weeks and opened to unlimited en-

rollment after four months. This approach is a com-

drug alone. "In addition, the combina-

tion is less harmful because their toxicities do not over-

protect against AIDS in 2 chimpanzees

Vaccine found to

By Marjorie Shaffer

NEW YORK — Scientists said Friday they were able in preliminary studies to protect against AIDS in animals infected with the virus causing the fatal disease in humans, demonstrating for the first time that a vaccine can protect

against AIDS. The new research was led by Dr. Phillip Berman of the Biotechnology Firm Genen-tech Inc and Dr. Jorg Eichberg of the Southwest Biomedical Research Centre of San Antonio, Texas.

Fellow AIDS researchers said. acknowledged Genentech's achievement represented another step towards achievequired immune deficiency syndrome (AIDS) but said it was short of a breakthrough.

"At this point it's not a surprise," AIDS vaccine researcher Dr. Ronald Desrosiers of the Harvard Medical School, told Reuters.

"I think people are now accustomed that under an idealised laboratory situation you can achieve protection against SIV and HIV," Desrosiers said in a telephone. interview.

SIV is an AIDS-related virus which strikes only monkeys. HIV, human immunodeficiency virus, is the scientific name for the AIDS virus

affecting humans. "What is new is that they have achieved protection using only a small segment of the viral coating," Desrosiers and other researchers

Such a finding, researchers said, suggests that a safer vaccine may be developed using only a portion of the virus rather than a whole, inactivated virus.

"We don't want to get hopes too high, because it is still very, very early," said Jack Murphy, a spokesman for Genentech.

Millions of teens expected to die of smoking-related illness

By Diane Duston The Associated Press

WASHINGTON - Five million of today's children will die of smoking-related illnesses in their later years if the current rate of tobacco use by young people continues, the

U.S. surgeon general has said. Dr. Antonia Novello, in her first major address on smoking, said more than 3,000 teenagers become regular

smokers each day. She accused cigarette com-

panies of spending \$3.3 hillion annually to advertise and promote their products in ways that appeal to children and adolescents.

A spokeswoman for the Tohacco Institute, interviewed later, said cigarette companies do not want children as their customers.

"For decades we have taken aggressive actions to keep cigarettes out of the hands of kids," Brennan Dawson said. She said adver-

new smokers, but selling tobacco products to people who already smoke.

Novello's remarks came at a conference to stop smoking among minors held by the interagency committee on Smoking and Health National Advisory Committee.

The programme coincided with World No-Tobacco Day. Novello said 44 states restrict the sale of tobacco products to minors.

"In six weeks, it will be 45,"

woman, said, noting that Kentucky recently passed such legislation. "We're not opposed to that."

But the surgeon general was critical of the enforcement of those laws, saying only five states have been able to provide statistical information of violations.

She quoted an article in the Journal of the American Medical Association as saying an estimated 1 billion packs of cigarettes are sold annually to tising is not aimed at creating Dawson, the tobacco spokes children under 18 years of laws in the 44 states restricting need to be addressed."

"Because only a very small percentage of smokers begin smoking as adults, efforts at prevention must focus on chil-

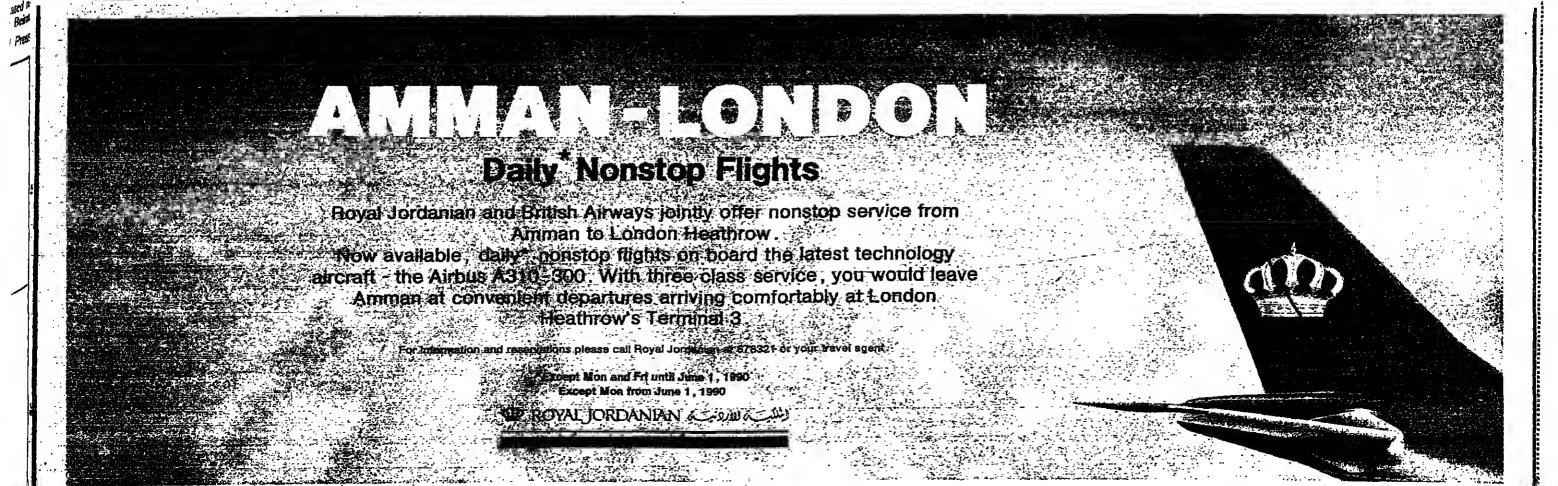
dren, Novello said.

The national Centres for Disease Control (CDC) also reported that an estimated 1 hillion packs of cigarettes are sold to children each year. Only three states reported citations against 32 vendors last year and inspectors found only minimal enforcement of

children's access to tobacco, the CDC said. Dawson said, however, that

a recent government report released by the Department of Health and Human Services said about 50 per cent of all smokers started the habit between the adult ages of 18 | ment of a vaccine against acand 21.

"What causes teens to smoke is peer pressure and the influence of elders in a child's life," said Dawson. "Those are the issnes that



Medor's, number of seats

French cinemas

By Jean-Marc Dupuich

PARIS - That play by Ionesco, in which the number of chairs on stage increases, is well known. In the French cinema, it is quite another story. The number of seats is dwindling. Cinemas are closing down. And this bas been going on for nearly ten years. As, in 1989, the number of cinema-goers only fell by 3 per cent, consolation is sought in the idea that perhaps the rock-bottom bas been reached.

It must be said that Minister of Culture, Jack Lang, has done all be could to stop the fall, with grants to local authorities which take over a cinema that is closing-down and financial belp fo hard-up cinema managers. The problem is that the cinema is expensive. It is a luxury that the public are reluctant to indulge in. How else could one explain the success in Paris of the special week in which the 6 p.m. showing cost 18 francs instead of the usual 35 to 40 francs?

... Above all, making a film is expensive. in 1989, 2.8 billion francs were invested in producing 137 films. The commission for paying an advance on receipts distributed the 100 million francs it had to the 50 projects chosen from among .575 applications. This number proves that creation remains alive. But exports remain modest and, above all, French films are losing ground in their own country to the benefit of American productions.

The results of operating cinemas in 1989 are alarming. The proportion of French films on the national market fell below 35 per cent, where as American films accounted for more than 55 per cent. Only Trop Belle Pour Toi was a box-office success where it stands together with Indiana Jones and Rain Man.

Trop Belle Pour Toi says that it is difficult to love and go together with love. One can be married to the most beautiful woman in the world and discover that the woman of your life is another one, not so pretty, but clearly made for

It was a success in winning César awards. During the ceremony presided over by Kirk Douglas, it received five trophies as the Best Film, the Best Director, the Best Scenario for Bertrand Blier, the Best Actress for the too beautiful Carole Bouquet, and the best editing for Claudine Merlin.

Philippe Noiret, who had already received a Felix at the European Film Festival, for his performance in Bertrand Tavernier's La Vie et Rien d'Autre, was awarded the César for the best actor for the same rôle. And Cinema Paradiso, a Franco-Italian coproduction in which he played the projectionist in the cinema in a Sicilian village in the 50s, was awarded the Oscar for a foreign film. Hollywood thus sheds a tear over the golden age of European cinema.

Eric Rochant's Un Monde Sans Pitie, already noticed at the Sarasota Festival in Florida, was quite rightly awarded a César as the Best First Film. This is a new work which opens up 1990 with a way of filming feelings.

In the immediate future 1990 seems promising. Claude Zidi's Ripoux Contre Ripoux, with Philippe Noriet, is expected to link up with the success of Les Ripoux. After his poignant memories in Au Revoir les Enfants, Louis Malle creates a touching work with Milou en Mai with magnificent acting hy Michel Piccoli and Miou-Miou. It is May 68 in the country, a thousand leagues away from the events in Paris which are heard on the radio.

Luc Besson, the director of Le Grand Bleu, offers Nikita Nikita, played by the dazzling whose qualities as a killer are that beauty does not always put to good use by the Secret the world,



Vanessa Paradis received a César in the Young and Promising Actress category.

Services, but she falls in love Tante Danielle, Etienne Chatilliez indulges in his fondness Fleuve Tranquille. Auntie

cinema. Ever since Edmond Anne Parillaud, is a delinquent film, hy Jean-Paul Rappeneau young unknown director, so

The French cinema has not with a young supermarket died. It has some inventive cashler. Love and death. With directors in touch with our period, and original actors who know how to move the for horrible people, which be- audience. Unfortunately, it is gan in La Vie Est un Long submitted to the law of money. And, if the United Danielle is an unbearable old States, which imposes this law, only very occasionally Cyrano is expected to bring opens its door ajar, Eastern people flooding back to the Europe, which has not a bean, opens its doors wide. That is Rostand created the character why Mr. Jack Lang has crefor the theatre in 1897, the ated a special fund for coprohero has always thrilled the duction with those countries. crowds. This time, it is Gérard The General Cinema Union Depardieu who fights with a runs a large auditorium in sword, talks in verse and cries Moscow and Jeanne Moreau out of love for Roxane, with has just made a film with his usual talent, enthusiasm Mosfilm, because she took a and force of conviction. This liking to the scenario of a deserves to be shown all over that cinema may remain an art L'Actualite en France.



David Lynch's Wild at Heart, a tale of violence end lustful romance in the American south, drew gasps from the audience at the Cannes

film Festival. In the picture Lynch poses with Italian actress Isabella Rossellini after the screening of the film.

By Ronald Clarke Reuter

LOS ANGELES - Film Directer David Lynch, winner of the Golden Palm Award at the Cannes Festival for Wild at Heart, is Hollywood's favourite eccentric — a cult leader whose dark, moody, often sexually violent films fascinate and upset audi-

ences. He is a dedicated, driven 'artist whose work is his life. He is also a baby-faced, charming convarsationalist whose mop of hair and voice with a twinge of a country accent eamed the nickname "Jimmy Stewart from Mars" from producer Mel Brooks.

Lynch's film Wild at Heart has violence and sex scenes that will almost certainly earn it an X-rating for adult audiances only in the United

States unless cuts are made. The film stars Nicolas Cage and real-life mother and

daughter Diane Ladd and Laura Dem in a story of lovers trying to escape the police in a doomed small-town America. Also in the film is Isabella Rosellini, Lynch's girlfriend and mother of his child, por-

traying a killar. The award of the most coveted prize at Cannes came as the U.S. ABC television announced it would retain his off-beat series Twin Peaks, a dark gothic murder mystery set in a small town in tha American northwest, for its autumn season.

The series, which marked Lynch's entry into television, has a dancing dwarf, a sadistic truck driver, a doctor who has cotton swabs in his ears and a woman who carries a pet dog. It is the story of how the murder of a high school beauty queen unearths a town's secrets.

As a young man, Lynch, now 43, produced a short film seed that grows in his grandmother. His first feature film, Eraserhead, told the story of baby in a grim industrial town.

The film, released in 1977, took five years to complete because Lynch, who developed a habit of meditating each day while making the film, kapt running out of money.

Then in 1980 came The Elephant Man, the true-life story of the relationship between the tragically deformed John Marrick and his doctor in a grimy 19th cantury London. It was a box office success and earned Lynch Academy Award nominations for Best Director and Best Adapted Screenplay.

Lynch laboured over Dune, \$40 million failure, before he made his best-known film, Blue Velvet, released in 1986. called Grandmother about a The film told a story of corrup- twice and has two children.

disturbed boy who plants a tion in a small town and a Young man's desire to know more about sex and death. Dennis Hopper portrayed a a couple and their mutant maniac who were an oxygen mask while having sex and quoted Roy Orbison to people ha was terrorising.

Lynch, bom in Missoula. Montana, is believed to have devaloped his liking for and loathing of small towns when he was growing up in the rural northwest, where his fathar was a research scientist for the Department of Agriculture.

Lvnch wanted to be an artist, not a film director, and he still sells his abstract paintings. He has also written love songa and wrote and directed Industrial Symphony No. 1 with Composer Angelo Badalamenti.

It features a woman acrobat and a midget who saws wood on stage. Lynch has been married and divorced

Amsterdam exhibition shows link

between Picasso and Rembrandt

By Galina Vromen Reuter

AMSTERDAM — At first glance, two artists could hardly seem further apart than Picasso and Rembrandt. But an exhibition in Am-

sterdam shows how the 20th-. century Spanish cubist was Dutch master and reintersketchings and paintings.

The exhibition, "Picasso-Rembrandt-Picasso", runs until June 10 at the Rembrandt House, a small museum in the Dutch artist's bome which bouses a permanent collection of his etchings.

It shows Pablo Picasso's fascination with Rembrandt's famous Night Watch and his Bihlical depictions of such scenes as Joseph fleeing from Potiphar's wife and Bathsheba bathing.

"While artists have always borrowed imagery from the out half of these works by

appropriation of the work of others is unprecedented in both method and scope," writes American art historian Janie Cohen whose research

inspired the show. · Picasso sketched more variations of Rembrandt's work than of any other artist inspired .by the 17th-century and began an intense study of the master while recovering preted his works in dozens of from major surgery in 1965 at the age of 84, she writes in the exhibition catalogue.

From then until his death in 1973, moustached, swordwielding musketeers in 17thcentury dress inspired by Rembrandt dominated Picasso's work, sometimes taking on the features of his favourite commedia Dell'Arte figures Hariequin and Pierrot.

In all there are about 60 known paintings and drawings by Picasso based on Rembrandt's work.

The exhibition displays ab-

reproductions of Rembrandt, giving visitors a rare view of another across the expanse of 300 years.

Picasso was never too intimidated by Rembrandt to

refrain from being playful.

In his version of the two central musketeers from Night Watch, one is conspicuously wearing a roller skate and his face bears traces of Picasso's cubist style.

Picasso turns a happy Rembrandt self-portrait with his wife Saskia into an erotic sketch, preserving Rembrandt's distinctive hat and moustache but derobing Saskia.

Picasso also made a series of 15 sketches based on Remhrandt's 1654 masterpiece Bathsheba with King David which he probably saw frequently at the Louvre in Paris. In his version, Bathsheba takes on the features of Picas added.

history of art, Picasso's Picasso alongside originals or so's wife Jacqueline and becomes more abstract in each sketch, with the multi-faceted how one artistic genius viewed back and front views that were Picasso's hallmark.

But Bathsheba's expression of pensive anticipation in Rembrandt's work is carried into Picasso's otherwise startngly different version.

Rembrandt's 1659 Jupiter And Antiope inspired a series of sketches of a sleeping woman three centuries later by Picasso in which he blatantly experiments with Rembrandt's use of light.

"Picasso never actually said what was about Rembrandt that inspired him. What's incredible is how eager some one like Picasso was to deal with an old master like Rembrandt," said assistant curator Marijke Holtrop who helped assemble the show.

"It shows the link between the old art and the new," she

Dick Tracy goes from funnies to film

By Bob Thomas Associated Press

LOS ANGELES (AP) — "Dick Tracy" the movie opens in nearly 2,000 theaters on June 15 amid a media Megablitz that rivals last summer's

But will Warren Beatty's film about the square-jawed flatfoot with the yellow fedora match the \$252-million domestic gross amassed by the caped crusader?

Fingers crossed, Walt Disney co. is tossing a huge premiere at Disney World in florida with 3,000 journalists expected to attend. Following trailers that have appeared in 2,000 theaters since Christmas, TV commercials will be unleashed on the nation's networks. Merchandise, includ-ing Tracy's wrist-watch radio, view." "The younger audiwill flood the market.

But skeptics point to some

The comic strip Dick Tracy, once featured in 500 newspapers, now appears in 150 and is little known by today's young, moviegoing audience. What's worse, the young crowd hardly knows Beatty. 53, who has made only two films in nine years, the last being the quintessential bomb Ishtar.

His other was the critically acclaimed Reds in 1981. He co-starred with Diane Keaton and received an Academy Award for Best Director.

Another problem is that although Dick Tracy co-star Madonna may be a megastar in pop music, her last few movies were megadisasters: Shanghai Surprise and Who's That Girl.

Nevertheless, Barrie Osborne, executive producer of Dick Tracy, takes an upbeat view.

"The picture should attract



Warren Beatty.

characters (pruneface, flatcertainly know Madonna."

"The older audience can appreciate the wit and the appearance of the film -Much of it was derived from post-expressionist paintings a 'three penny opera' - Bertolt Brecht look ... And Warren can bring that audience as

Disney plans to issue



a wide audience because it can be appreciated on different top, etc.). lots of action and beautiful colour. And they

graphic novelisations -spruced-up comic books - of Dick Tracy to bring some sort of awareness to the movie and character.

Dick Tracy was the creation of Chester Gould, who drew cartoons for Chicago papers. Originally entitled Plainc-lothes Tracy, the strip about a hawk-nosed, straight-arrow detective debuted in October 1931 in the Detroit Mirror and New york Daily News.

The comic strip featured



Tracy, his sweetheart Tess board."

nearly 60 years.

cination with Gould's de Al Pacino as mob boss Big-nizens of the underworld Boy Caprice, Dustin Hoffman Dick Tracy, according to as Munibles, James Caan as

Beatty, had its beginnings in Ribs.

there was a red it was the blood, bullets and a menacing menagerie of villains with same red throughout, the memorable names. Flattop, same green, etc. It took some Flyface, Measles, Mumbles convincing when (einematogand more have threatened the rapher) Vittorio Storago and intrepid two-fisted Tracy for (production designer) Richard Sylbert came on

Trueheart and his grotesque . A major attraction of Dick enemies became American Tracy is the appearance of icons in the 1930s and '40s well-known stars in wild Low-budget movies and se- makeups, Osborne believes. rials and a short-run TV series. They go unbilled, but their helped fuel the country's fas- identities are an open secret:

1977 when producers Art Lin- Among those who are bilson and Floyd Mutrux bought led: Glenne Headly, Tess film rights. They made a deal Trueheart; Mandy Paunkin, with paramount pictures, 88 Keys; Charles Durning, which enlisted universal pic- police chief Brandon, William tures to co-produce. Various Forsythe, Flattop; Dick Van -packages were proposed, in- Dyke, the district attorney;



Al Pacino

cluding projects with directors Steven Spielberg, John Landis. Richard Benjamin and Walter Hill, and stars Harrison Ford, Clint Eastwood, Richard Gere, Tom Selleck and Mel Gibson.

Beatty became involved in 1983, hut Paramount reportedly balked at his pay demands. Five years later, Michael Eisner and Jeff Katzenberg had moved from Paramount to Disney, and they revived Tracy with Beatty, adding certain fiscal restraints.

No one at Disney is saying bow much Dick Tracy cost, Reports range from \$23 mil-lion to \$30 milbon, considerably less than other summer epics such as Total Recall, Die Hard 2 and Days of Thunder.

"It was a modestly budgeted film." insists execuveteran of such bloated budgets as Apocalypse Now and the Cotton Club, both made Francis Coppola.

Osborne, 46, bad not worked previously with Beatty, but he soon learned how the producer-director-star operated.

"Warren acts as a conductor," said Osborne. "He is very collaborative, likes to get people together and listen to were made to tighten the film their ideas. Then he selects to its 100 minute running

"The look of the film was

Paul Sorvino, Lips Manlis; Estelle Parsons, Mrs. Trueheart.

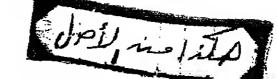
Beatty considered several actresses for the role of the seductive moll, Breathless Mahoney, before deciding on his close friend Madonna, who argued that the role was similar to her own onstage

persona. Madonna's biggest challenge, ahe says in publicity material, was singing the five stephen sondhim songs: "It was a great learning experience for me because when I first heard the music I panicked. "I can't sing these songs,

they're too difficult" I said "But stephen was very lielpful and generous and gave me a lot of encouragement. They are great songs. I wish I could write songs like that."

Beatty's challenge, says Osborne, was directing the tive producer Osborne, a - actor Warren Beatty: "Warren was able to watch a video playback after each scene, but mostly he relied on the reaction of people around the camera, Like Richard (Sylbert) and Vittorio (Storaro). Dick Tracy was tested before audiences away from major film centres in large cities, and the reaction was "great." said Osborne Only a few cuts

All that remains to be seen ... his idea. He wanted to is whether or not Dick Trace achieve the same quality of will go from fundles flattood to the Sunday comic strip. When big-screen scream



Towards a better environmental policy: The solid waste crisis

By Iyad Jumme' Hammed

AT THE EASTERN borders of Amman, the Greater Amman Municipal Council recently decided to locate its disposal site after the old one was totally filled. The site chosen was a huge pit which used to be an old phosphate inine. Not too long after the site was opened to receive the wastes of Areman and several other neighbouring cities and towns, a strong public opposition to the site was activated by the bad odor believed to be emanating form it.

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The conflict between the municipality and the local residents reached a peak last month. However, the municipulity has promised to consider moving the landfill to another location if it was proven that it is the source of odor.

Amman is not alone in facing such a problem. Virtually every major city in the world is facing the same question. We in Jordan, as well as the rest of the world, were busy for decades enjoying the bounties of modern industry which, since the turn of this century, never stopped increasing in volume, diversity or complexity.

The easiest and cheapest method of disposal of our waste was, and still is in most

cases, the land burial. The inevitable moment of truth had to come. Toxic leakage started to coze out and polinte soil, streams and ground water. Badly needed water was rendered inadequate for human consumption by the deadly leakage.

Better than giving suggestions to help the municipality of Amman solve its solid waste problem, we should rather look at an example of a country whose environment had suffered a great deal from its industrial development, but, which found in its people and government enough determination to clean and restore every bit of the environment

that was contaminated. Our example is the United States of America where the annual solid waste production is estimated to be 4.4 billion tonnes, of which 230 million tonnes are residential, 140 million tonnes industrial and 640 million tonnes agricultural. The rest comes from the mining and animal industry. This

total, however, is expected to reach 12 billion by the year

On a per capita basis, the-U.S. outrums most of the industrial nations. The annual solid waste production in the U.S. is 3600 lb/capita/year while in Japan it is 800 lbs and

in West Germany it is 500 lbs. To tackle this problem two goals were set. The first was to minimise toxicity and possibly eliminate it, and the second to sharply reduce volume.

To achieve the first goal, several acts and regulations were enacted by the U.S. Congress. One of the more distinguished acts enacted was "The Resource Conservation and Reenvery Act" (RCRA). RCRA contained three main elements which are:

- Description of the types of hazardous wastes that are allowed to be disposed of inland.

- Setting of safety standards to prevent spilling or leaking and containment procedures in case of accidental

- Provision for a tracking mechanism for disposed hazardous waste by requiring each industry to keep manifests for from minute it leaves the plant until it is permanently stored in the disposal site.

The other major hazardous waste regulation was "The Comprehensive Environmental Response and Liability Act" (CERL_-1) which is commonly referred to as the Su-perfund. CERCLA was enseted to provide funds to clean hazardous waste sites in which pollution had already occurred

or it is very likely that it will.

The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) has prepared a list of such sites called the National Princity List that contained over 2,000 sites. CERCLA, however, gives EPA the right to recover its costs from every party that contributed to the contamination of the site including past and present owners, the generators of the waste and the

transporters.

The second goal in the U.S. solid waste policy was to minimise volume. Attention is currently focused on recycling. It is surprising to know that over 40 per cent of the volume of solid waste in the U.S. is paper products and 10 per cent glass and 4 per cent plastics. Paper,

glass and plastic are very good candidates for recycling due to their high market value. Recycling is currently done on a valuntary basis. Hawever, some states, such as Connecticut, are planning to make it mandatory within the near fu-

Another method of volume reduction that is also being practised besides recycling, is waste-to-energy plants. The waste is basically incinerated and the generated heat is used to boil water and generate steam which is used to produce

One last point about the U.S. environmental policy is that every citizen is given the right to sue anyhody who causes contamination of the environment and any governmental agency that fails to implement any environmental ordinance. This provision in the U.S. environmental law indicates the sincerity of the American people and their government about preservating and rehabilitation of the U.S. environment and they are indeed an example to learn

We only meant by hringing up this example to show that



engineer who works for the Greater Amman Municipality. He obtained his Masters Degre from New Haven University in Connecticut and his B.A. from Syracuse University, N.Y.

relocating the new landfill to avoid public opposition is not a solution.

We will fill the new site just as we did with the previous one and sooner nr later we will run out of land, that of course being reltively close. All of us know how scarce water is and that most of it, if not all, is ground water, and whether we like it or nnt, the poisonous juice of the piled refuse will surely find its way to this very

Egypt pledges to help Lebanon

DCM, has been escorting ambassador McCarthy in Cairo," Ms. Wahba said. "Ambassador McCarthy did have a meeting with President Hrawi, but Ryan Crocker did not meet Hrawi with him." She did not say what Hrawi and McCarthy talked about.

The United States has had no ambassador in Lebanon since last September because of continuing warfare in Beirut. McCarthy lives

"Egypt can play a role in Lebanon because of the two countries' close historical relations...," Baz, Mubarak's chief political advisor. told reporters after the presidential meeting. "Egypt can use its role in the Arab World and its international position in the interest of the Lebanese issue."

He said Egypt supporta Lebanese legitimacy and consolidation of Hrawi's governmental authority over the country, based on an agreement reached among Lebanese leaders in Taif, Saudi

Arabia. In remarks distributed by the Middle East News Agency, Baz Libya and Tunisia.

said Hrawi and Mubarak discussed Egyptian military help for the se army. He refused to give details, but said the Lebanese side 'will he satisfied with results of the current discus-

Hrawi told reporters accompanying him on his plane Tuesday that he would request Egyptian weapons to "help revive" Lebanese army. He also said he would seek Egypt's help in restoring sovereignty over South Leba-

Egypt will contact the United States, Israel and other countries

about that issue. Baz said. 'Unfortunately, there is ano Arab nor non-Arah state which can force Israel to take a certain path," Baz said.

But "Egypt will hold back no effort... especially with the United States, which carries a big responsibility for what is going on in the region," Baz said.

Lebanese Prime Minister Salim Al Hoss accompanied Hrawi on his official visit, the first stop on a trip that will take them also to

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(Continued from page 1) occupied territories but also the suron — in the immediate term and other Arab countries at a later stage, the official said. "We do not see the emigration

process... (where emigres) are not allowd to choose (their destination) and are channelled and directed... at part of human rights," the official said. "(The emigres) end up in the territories of the Palestinian people and uproot the Palestinians from their

"People are going to be excited and land is going to be confiscated," he said. "These are the two elements. (which undermine) the peace process (which is based on) land in exchange for peace and the right of the people to determine their future."

This is the political element that is

being injected to create more instability and a disaster rather than bringing

About peace, he added.

Furthermore, in light of the changes in Eastern Europe, and the Soviet Union which have climinated the much touted Soviet threat to the Middle East, Israel, which used to well itself at the protector of Westem interests in the region, is now seeking a "new role for itself" and

the off the tools used by Israel howards achieving its goal is the per-ceived threat in "the growing Islamic fundamentalism — political Islam, the official said.

the official said.

"largel wants to build on the tradi-licial Judo-Christian ties against the "destructive, radical, alien Infam".

which commuted from Iran and Per-sian nationalism," he said.

Simultaneously, the official said,

Simultimeously, the official said, Israel is playing a major role in the campaign against Iraq, which, in his view, has contributed positively to security and stability in the Middle Past after ending its war with Iran in 1968.

He cited as examples that Iraq has encouraged Palestinian moderation as reflected in Bagidad's support for the PLO's peace strategy, which was reaffirmed at last month's Arab summit, Iran's positive response to Arab salts.

lraq's positive response to Arab calls for absention from supporting rival factions in Lebanon despite Iranian influence in the war-ravaged country, and the peace approaches that the

Iraqi leadership has initiated towards

possession of chemical weapons that was frightening Israel. "For the first time they (Israel) have awakened to the fact that an Arab state could sustain itself through eight years of war. This is something disturbing for

At the same time, the official con-ceded that "extremism in the region is developing in a rapid way due to the added frustration over the peace proess ... deep frustration without seeing a basic glimmer of hope for peace... when the land is usurped and the process of squeezing people from their land is continuing... through economic strangling and hung peo-

"We don't honestly think that the Israelis will be amenable to common ase without basic international influence and input," he said. "The most important in this international output will be position of the U.S. The Palestinians have acquicised the rules of the game as defined by the U.S. and all Arabs have supported

the positive position." By the same token, the official said, any break-off of the U.S.-PLO dialogue would only result in further through its dialogue with the PLO, has kept the situation less violent so far, the official said. "What is the rastive" to the dialogue? he

... According to the official, Jordan believes that Arab oil should be used positively to influence and win friends rather than creating "crises" with countries which already support the Arab position in the Middle East

"Our experience since 1973 (when Arab states imposed an oil embargo on countries which backed Israel) has shown that we created an image that is not conducive to peace and secur-ity," said the official. "If you want to create a crisis now it will not get us any closer to peace," added the offi-cial.

tion whether the resolutions adopted by the Baghdad summit meant that the Arab states would use oil as a weapon to pressure countries which support and help Soviet Jewish emigration to Israel.

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MANDARIN .

Menem's fairy tale marriage turns into 'grotesque' war

By Ed Mccullough

BUENOS AIRES, ARGENTI-NA - The marriage of President Carlos Menem and his wife Zulema had the trappings of a fairy

Children of Syrian immigrants, they met during a visit to the old country, married after a whirlwind courtship and raised a son and daughter while Menem's political star took him from a jail cell to a governor's mansion to the presidency.

Now, as they are on the verge of a very public break-up, their actions are the stuff of soap

policies are inhuman, his economic plan as doomed and his staff

After complaining earlier this year that telephones at the presidential residence were tapped, Mrs. Menean walked out. Last month, Menem did the same and has since slept in government offices and the apartments of

friends. Magazines and newspapers have reveled in juicy facts and rumour splashed on covers and

front pages. Menem is laying legal ground-work to boot Mrs. Menem from the residence if she won't leave on her own.

The whole affair is "grotesque," says Menem, 59. He usually refuses to comment on developments, but said "I don't know whether to get mad or laugh" when asked about her claim he has been "kidnapped" by his aides.

Mrs. Menem, 46, declined



Associated press writer

gned but hardly scandalized by the marital feud. Menem-watchers say it hasn't affected his policies, public image or relations with the church.

"Everyone knows their last reconciliation was a political act to help him win the election" in May 1989, said Nolberto Fernandez, editor of the celebrity magazine "La Revista."

"It's not a political 'problem' for him," said Polister Manuel Mora Y Aranjo. "That's what she would like it to be, but so far she hasn't been successful in making

The Menems have had a storfather of her children as a my relationship for years. Both "womanizer" and blasts his social are ambitinus, determined, quick-tongued and hot-tempered.

An avid sportsman who races eedboats and rally Menem has made no secret of his attraction to other women. Mrs. Menem, a striking blonde, had been linked with other men

By some accounts, their marriage in Oct. 1966 was arranged by their Muslim parents. Menem was reported to have been in love with a young divorcee he con-tinued to see for years after the

wedding.
Following the March 1976 coup that toppled President Isabel Peron, Menent, a provincial governor and leading member of the populist peronist party, was jailed for three years, then put under house arrest.

The couple did not Get together immediately after his release. When they did, they split up again in 1984. A second reconciliation, at the urging of Papal Nuncin Ubaldo Calabresi, came four years later on the eve of a



Carlos Menem

crucial primary election. Politics, not love, seems at the heart of their conflict.

"She wants a formal political position and he refuses to give her one," said a Peronist official, who commented on condition his name not be disclosed.

During the election campaign, the first lady-to-be tried to evoke comparisons with Evita, the wife of Juan Peron who helped him win election as president in 1946 and endeared herself to millions of poor Argentines with her charitable works. Menem did not

help-the effort flopped. I support Carlos Menem, but I want people to know I'm not here just as a symbol. I'm going to act. I'm going to do things. I'm going to work," she said during the campaign.

Mrs. Menem, a Muslim, has hinted her husband's conversion

to Catholicism - the state religion to which all presidents must adhere - was something less than an act of faith. During the 11 months of

Menem has raised funds for schools and hospitals. But while her sister and cousin have been appointed to high posts, she has Asked whether Mrs. Menem's connections with Labour Leader

Saul Ubaldini, retired army rebel Colonel Mohammad Ali Seineldin and other influential critics of her husband eventually might force Menem to see things her way, the Peronist official said: "Nnt at all. It's not just that Menem has stood up to tougher

opponents as much as he never

'gives' anything to anyhody.

Sometimes, he seems to. With

her, he's not even pretending."

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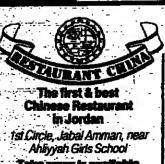
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Jordan Times'

JORDAN MARKET PLACE

THE Daily Crossword by Victor Janabor, Jr.



Taxes rattle French markets

By Alan Raybould

PARIS — French financiers and investors are jittery that capital gains taxes might be raised after a tough speech by President Francois Mitterrand about wealth from speculation which hit stock markets and the franc.

Senior ministers lined up 10 echo Mitterrand's worries about social inequalities in France, carrying the implicit threat of a crack down on what he called "purely speculative gains.

"Today, you can get rich while you're asleep." Mitterrand said last Tuesday, contrasting the easy money to be made from property and share speculation to the plight of the low-paid.

The stock market reacted quickly - in the three days after Mitterrand's speech, the CAC-40 index of leading shares fell almost two per cent.

The storm also weakened the franc, which has been vulnerable ever since a narrowly-defeated no-confidence motion undermined the government in early May, and the currency's weakness led to speculation about a rise in interest rates.

Mitterrand and Finance Minister Pierre Beregovoy appeared to single out property speculation as the main area of concern.

Bnt an official at the French Employers' Organisation, the CNPF, said the business and financial communities were worried about a rise in the tax rate son all types of capital gains.

"The Socialist deputies (members of parliament) claim firms dabble too much in financial operations. What they seem to be complaining about is that comcomplaining about is that companies are investing their liquid to transform banking system funds in things that give better and better returns," she said.

"These gains, most of the time, come from funds that are waiting to be put to some use. It's quite normal to invest them somewhere in the meantime," she added.

Gains made by companies on property investments, or on securities or other financial transactions — are currently taxed at 19 per cent, raised from 16 per cent last year but still much lower than the 37 per cent on reinvested profits.

One possibility - which, Beregovoy called "not a bad idea" — is that these two rates could gradually he brought closer together and then fixed at the same level of 33 per cent.

The CNPF bas been lobbying for the rate on reinvested profits to be lowered to 33 per cent in the 1991 budget. It is opposed to any increase in the rate paid on capit-

Beregovoy said he would not be making decisions in the heat of the moment, and finance ministry officials were surprised at the reaction to Mitterrand's words. when it had been known for months that a reform of the tax system was under study.

But the financial markets are worried that Mitterrand could be trying to revive his sagging popularity in opinion polls by pushing through measures to show the

Socialists' "caring face." A rift has been evident for many months between Socialist deputies and the government over its management of the twonomy, and the emphasis put on austerity at the expense of social projects. like measures to cut the

unemployment lines. Pressure on the government could be increased in the next few days by Socialist deputies drafting a bill to place limits on the type of profits attacked by Mitterrand.

party officials said The government is also due to announce soon a rise in the minimum wage. It is now widely expected that this will be increased by more than the 3.2 per

cent inflation rate. That could cause a further setback to financial markets - a big rise could force "p wages across industry and threaten France's success in holding down costs, which has played a major part in the economic recovery since the

Analysts predict dramatic price plunge if OPEC does not act fast

SINGAPORE (Agencies) -Middle East crude oil prices could crash to \$10 a barrel unless the Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) acts fast to stop s spiral of price cuts as producers try to sell into a glutted mar-ket, oil experts said Wednes-

day.
"It's happened before and it can happen again," said a European oil company trader based here. 'Only an emergency OPEC meeting can hold the market up now."

Concern is mounting that other large Middle East producers will cut their prices followinig Saudi Arabia's decision to lower their oil prices for customers worldwide.

News that Saudi Arabia had out up to 70 cents off its July price formulas sent oil prices spinning downwards Tuesday. The value of a barrel of the Mideast benchmark crude,

from Dubai, has dropped to \$13.20 from more than \$14 at the beginning of this week.

Key U.S. crude, west Texas intermediate (WTI), shed \$0.46 as news of Saudi price cuts followed hot on the heels of reports of continued high OPEC output.

American Petroleum Institute reports late Tuesday of a further rise in U.S. oil stocks, already at an eight-year high, slashed another \$0.40 off WTI prics. July delivery WTI is now trading around \$16.28.

Britain's internationally traded brend blend crude is currently quoted at around \$15.40 a barrel, a dollar below its value Monday.

third quarter price talks between Kuwait and its Japanese term customers which are scheduled to start next week.

Attention is now focusing on

Kuwait produces a similar

crude to Saudi Arabia's Arabian medium grade which the kingdom has reduced by \$0.70 a barrel for July shipments to Far East buyers.

Iran is also due to discuss its third quarter term prices with Japanese cuatomers this

Dubai prices fell to \$6.95 a

barrel in 1986 when a fight for market share resulted in an OPEC price war. Brent prices dropped below \$10. Oil analysts say the 13 OPEC ministers should meet

before the scheduled date of

July 25 to prevent a repetition "The OPEC meeting is too far away," said the European company trader. "They never de anything but the market

always psychologically reacts." At an emergency round of talks in early May, OPEC ministers agreed to limit output to just over 22 million barrels per day (bpd) in an effort to reverse a 25 per cent drop in oil prices this year. April production totalled 23.65 million bpd, a Reuter survey

However, industry surveys show since the May talks Iran and Iraq's output has actually risen significantly while Kuwait's output fell by a mere fraction of what it pledged to

Of the big Mideast producers, only Saudi Arabia cut output by the agreed amount and a Reuter survey put total May OPEC output at 23.22 million bpd, with other estimates as high as 23.5 million bpd.

News on Tuesday of Saudi Arabia'a price cuts was seen by several traders as a signal that Saudi Arabia might be getting ready to reverse its production cuts to regain market share.

However Saudi Arabia said Tuesday that it was still abiding by its OPEC production quota.

In a statement carried by the Saudi Press Agency, Oil Minis-ter Hisham Nazer said, "Saudi-Arabia promised OPEC on May 1 to abide by its quota. The whole world admitted it was keeping its promise and it still adheres to it."

"On a purely technical basis they (Saudi Arabia) are just realigning their prices," said one trader. "But let's face it cheaper harrela encourages more buying and means a bear-ish market."

Several OPEC ministers conferred by telephone Tues-day about the latest decline in prices, OPEC delegation sources said, but they said they knew of no current plans to convene any emergency min-isterial talks of schedule.

UAE firms post profits but stocks index falls

ABU DHABI (R) — The United Arah Emirates' (UAE) unofficial stocks index dropped several points in May despite a series of record profits announcements. local brokers said.

"Supply has largely exceeded demand and as a result prices of shares of major banks and companies declined," said Adnan Al Sarraf, head of share dealing at the National Investment and Securities Corporation (NIS-CORP).

The National Bank of Abu Dhabi (NBAD), which compiles an index of 22 of the biggest banks and firms in the country, said the index dropped to 1,369.78 points on May 28 from 1,377.15 on May 1. It stood at 1,421.98 at the beginning of 1990.

cause some investors wanted to take advantage of recently higher share prices and others needed liquidity for some projects," Sarraf added.

"The rise in supply was be-

NBAD Senior Manager Ziad

es to Warsaw to discuss how to

transform the nation's creaking

banking system and bury the

legacy of Communist Party cen-

Sir William Ryrie, head of the

International Finance Corpora-

tion (IFC) which is organising the

meeting, said Poland wanted to

tap Western expertise to revital-

ise a network of nine banks freed

from the control of the Warsaw

"The Poles know these are not

really proper commercial banks

and that they are very much run

hy old party men," Ryrie told

Reuters in an interview. 'They

The IFC, a Washington-based

affiliate of the World Bank de-

signed to promote private invest-

ment in developing nations, last

year launched a drive to help the

emerging new democracies of

efforts on Poland and Hnngary.

Ryrie said the June 30 talks in

Warsaw, organised after a re-

quest from Finance Minister Les-

zek Baleerowiez, would he

chaired by Paul Volcker, former

chairman of the U.S. Federal

want the system modernised."

tral control.

central bank.

Dabbas said the first few months from 560 dirhams (\$152.5). of the year, when major firms are announcing their annual results, were always the busiest on the telephone-traded market. He expected turnover and prices to

stabilise later. The UAE market, like other stock markets and exchanges in the Gulf, faces possible change. Some brokers and officials are pushing for an official market and urging that foreigners be allowed

liquidity. At present only UAE nationals can invest. Over the month, shares in the UAE's biggest company, telecommunications firm ETISA-LAT, fell slightly to 580 dirhams

to invest to improve turnover and

(\$158.5) from 582 (\$158). NBAD sbares dropped to 255 (\$69.4) from 270 (\$73.5), National Bank of Dubai (NBD) stock fell to 561 (\$152.8) from 565 (\$153.9) while Abn Dhahi National Insurance Company (ADNIC) dipped to 535 (\$145.7)

ment banking sector. Top bank-

ers from North America and

Europe would accompany him.

banking system is a central pillar

ment's shock therapy to switch

the economy from Communist

central planning to the Western

had 17,000 banks but under four

decades of Communism the few

that survived the devastation of

The nine regional branches of

Nazi occupation were hrought

the central bank have recently

been hived off as the nucleus of a

commercial system but Western

bankers say they suffer from out-

dated technology and are still

steeped in the era of central

group of top advisers around him

academics from the West, and IFC experts have been helping the government of Prime Minister Tadeusz Mazowiecki draw np

legislation on company privatisa-

Ryrie, who wass in London to said.

Balcerowicz has gathered a

Before World War II, Poland

ideal of a free market.

under state control.

planning.

Eastern Europe, concentrating at the Finance Ministry, including

of the Solidarity-led govern-

Creation of a Western-style

Poland seeks Western help

LONDON (R) — Poland has Reserve and now in the invest-invited 16 of the West's top bank-ment banking sector. Top bank-

All four firms had announced record profits for 1989. Some of the decline in their share price was attributed to ex-dividend

The four firms together account for around 30 per cent of the market capitalisation of the 67 companies that have their ares traded, which totals 14 billion dirhams (\$3.8 billion).

The government owns around four billion dirhams (\$1.1 billion) of shares in the companies and has often said it does not intend

Large state hodings in all Gulf states have been cited as stifling greater turnover and investor interest in the fledgling markets.

In the UAE many other investors also tend to be long-term holders, which keeps turnover low at an average 500,000 dirhams (\$136,000) a day. Knwait's average turnover is around \$10 million a day.

sign a \$300 million borrowing on

the international bond market,

warned, however, that the IFC's

activities could be severely cur-

tailed if shareholder nations

failed to approve a capital in-

president, has called for a donbl-

ing of the agency's \$1.3 billion

capital. Although some Euro-

pean nations are enthusiastic ab-

out an increase to help support

East Enropean economies,

Washington has been sceptical.

investment expanded rapidly at

an annual rate of 25 per cent

between 1985 and 1989, will have

to cut growth substantially in its

new business year starting on July

That would compare to 14 per

cent in the current year just en-

ding but Ryrie said he was hopeful

that a capital increase would be

approved in the coming 12

months allowing the rate of new

investment to pick up and recoup

if we didn't have a capital in-

crease by July 1 new year," he

"I would be very disappointed

some of the lost growth.

1 to just five per cent.

Ryrie said the IFC, where new

Ryrie, the IFC's executive vice

crease.

AMMAN EXCHANGE RATES

Wednesday, June 6, 1998

	Centr	al Rank	omciai rates		
	Bay	Sell	French franc Japanese yen (for 100)	117.8 438.8	118.5 441.4
U.S. dollar	669.0	673.0	Dutch emilder	352.9	355.0
Pound Sterling		1136.6	Swedish crown	109.8	110.5
Deutschemark	397.0	399.4	Italian lira (for 100)	54.0	54.3
Swiss franc	468.6	471.4	Belgian franc (for 10)	193.1	194.3

LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON (R) — Following are the buying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midsession on the London foreign exchange and bullion markets Wednesday.

U.S. dollar 1.6860/70 One Sterling One U.S. dollar Canadian dollar 1.1730/40 Dentschemarks 1.6850/55 Dutch guilders 1.8975/85 Swiss francs 1.4265/75 Belgian francs 34.66/71 French francs 5.6850/6900 Italian lire 1239/1240 Japanese yen 152.65/75 Swedish crowns 6.0955/1005 Norwegian crowns 6.4855/4905 Danish crowns 6.4290/4340 U.S. dollars 360.00/40 One ounce of gold

WORLD STOCK MARKETS

TOKYO - Stocks had firmed slightly by the close but an absence of factors drove most investors to the sidelines. The Nkkei rose

SYDNEY - Stocks closed slightly lower in trading dominated by banking stocks about to go ex-dividend. The All Ordinaries fell 1.9. to 1.526.9.

HONG KONG - Stocks, down nearly 20 points shortly before midday, shot up in late trade to end at their highest level since tanks smashed a pro-democracy movement in Beijing last year. The Hang Seng Index rose 13.43 to 3,172.49.

SINGAPORE - Stocks closed generally lower in sluggish trading, with few foreign fund managers seen on the market. The Straits Times Index of blue chips rose 0.22 to 1.550.93.

FRANKFURT - Despite positive domestic economic data, shares tumbled 1.5 per cent in thin trading as doubts resurfaced about the cost of German monetary union. The Dax Index fell 27.67 to end at 1,849.02.

ZURICH - Shares closed lower in light volume as prices consolidated at slightly lower levels after recent gains. The SPI Index feli 12.7 to 1.182.4.

PARIS - Prices were generally lower at midday after an early rally. Anxiety about a parliamentary report on capital gains tax overhung the market.

LONDON - Shares were steady near the day's lows in quiet afternoon business as dealers took a break to watch the Derby horse race. At 1431 GMT the FTSE Index was down 21.1 at

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25 Take out
27 State houses
32 Certein pupil
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34 At once
35 Legates
36 Make butter
37 — Beach, F
38 Oath words
39 Diving bird
40 Shelve
41 Horsemen?
43 Pot-bellied
44 Doctrine
45 Croc's kin
46 5 on the
Beaufort

carrier 9 With all its

parts 10 Stack of woo

48 Mild oath 49 Tick off 50 Roof edge 52 — podrida

THE BETTER HALF. By Harris HARRIS

"My mom told me to get married to learn responsibility. I should've got a puppy instead,"

JUMBILE THAT SCRAMBLED WORD GAME by Henri Arrold and Bob Lee Unscramble these four Jumbles. Oopal Have to four ordinary words. **AMWAC** NOYOL HECREY HOW OFTEN DOES A HUSBAND FORGET AN ANNIVERSARY? CINORI Now arrange the circled letters to

Print answer here:

Jumbles: APART ENEMY GRATIS MULISH

Answer: What the critic said when the butcher took up serious acting----NEVER SAUSAGE A HAM

Advertising slump slashes Saatchi annual profits LONDON (R) - Seatch and wave of secrets which started Statistic and it had served, in a

Saatchi, once the world's biggest advertising agency, reported a 27 per cent fall in first half profit and said it would pay no interim dividend

Saatchi's £14.4 million (\$24.2 million) pre-tax profit for the six months to March 31, was in line with analysts' forecasts if a £2.4 selling parts of a corporate art collection is excluded.

Its shares were up six pence (\$0.10) in London at the close at £1.07 (\$1.80). The suspension of an interim dividend had been widely expected by the market. Saatchi reported the profit slump despite an 18 per cent rise in turnover to £2.43 billion (\$4.1

billion). A downturn in world advertising swept Saatchi and Saatchi Company PLC off a decade-long

with a publicity campaign that helped British Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher to power in the 1979 general election. Founded by brothers Maurice

and Charles Saatchi, the company became the world's biggest advertising agency in 1986 when it acquired the Ted Bates group of the United States.

It was ousted from premier position in 1989 by WPP group, headed, ironically, by former Saatchi employee Martin Sorrell. More than 800 jobs have been cut at Saatchi and several direc-

tors have left, while the founding brothers have taken a back seat following the appointment of Robert Louis-Dreyfus as chief executive last autumn. The restructuring of the group

was reflected in another

announcement Tuesday in which

deal worth \$80 million, to sell its Hay group management consultancy in the U.S. to a group made up of Hay group management and institutional investors.

Saatchi is trying to unravel an extensive diversification into consultancy begun in 1984 which turned out badly.
In its communications division,

which covers advertising interests, Saatchi said performance was good with a 17 per cent growth in revenue. But it added that these figures were flattered by factors including favourable currency movements.

Saatchi said it had retained and added to its client base, though a number of clients had cut spending. The company said the division's performance in the secod half is expected to be at least as good as in the first half.

HOROSCOPE

FORECAST FOR THURSDAY JUNE 7, 1990

GENERAL TENDENCIES: A wonderful day to express your deepest desire to those you know you can trust and to uncover whatever it is that is not to your liking. Communicate with others now.

ARIES: (March 21 to April 19) The early part of the day finds adverse conditions in the home so don't make waves but go along outside world is your oyster. TAURUS: (April 20 to May 20) Be

sure you have the right ideas under which to do the things you wish in the morning while the evening is good for all sorts of interesting new GEMINI: (May 21 to June 21)

Look for whatever things you can do early to save some money and later you find you realise a greater amount of benefits than you had realised before. MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 to

July 21) You find one you want a favour from is not inclined to grant it in the morning but later an outside associate gives you the backing you seek.

LEO: (July 22 to August 21) Avoid leaving some secure situation for a new appeal early while later you are able to devise ways to be more efficient in work schedule for com-

VIRGO: (August 22 to September 22) Your desire for a good time early should await handling a pre-

sent problem while in the eveni you can get our with congenia companions for recreations

LIBRA: (September 23 to October 22) Think over carefully bow you can please a powerful person who is difficult; then later you can have a wonderful time beneath you own

SCORPIO: (October 23 to November 21) Tasks that you are not sure about right away to handle should be postponed till the inspiration comes while in the evening get into communication with correspon-

SAGITTARIUS: (November 22 to December 21) Steer clear of early costly pleasures for later you find you are under good aspects to get practical ideas how best to have more money to spare. CAPRICORN: (December 22 to

January 20) Sidestep some pending argument at your residence over jaunt and later you find you can have a happy time with friends with same sense of humor as you. AQUARIUS: (January 21 to February 19) Argument between one concerned with a duty and outside contact should be carefully avoided

happy intimite time with mate. PISCES: (February 20 to March 20) Keep your purse zipped with a project arises that is costly in the morning, then later you can go after personal goals with a good chance to get them.

and in the evening you can have a

FORECAST FOR FRIDAY JUNE 8, 1990

GENERAL TENDENCIES: The Full Moon in Sagittarius allows you

an excellent opportunity to expand your present activities in almost any avenue that really intrigues you. Get a good nights rest. ARIES: (March 21 to April 19)

You start the day with some un-usual interest in putting across some creative skill and need to ride above obstacles; in evening romance flourishes. TAURUS: (April 20 to May 20)

Think about what you can do to carry out plans with discussed with your own family and get into the knotty problem that is involved. GEMINI: (May 21 to June 21) Getting outside errands and shop-ping done does not seem as easy as you had planned but persevere and tonight you can enjoy hobby of

MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 to July 21) Consider well the various material matters that require some concentrated attention and get them back of you; then tonight you can spend a deep desire.

LEO: (July 22 to August 21) Consider various ways to gain goals that have been difficult for you to obtain; after which you can make rapid progress tonight in having good results.

VIRGO: (August 22 to September 22) Lots of behind scenes tasks await your undivided attention so

give it to them for later you can do the things you privately like the most.

LIBRA: (September 23 to October 22) One who usually supports you is too busy with out affairs to give forth generously now but later you can join a good friend at happy

SCORPIO: (October 23 to Novem ber 21) Take no chances in starfied out the day in world of activity and follow rules, laws the fully but tonight you can have good time in public places. good time in public places.
SAGITTARIUS: (November 22 to:

December 21) Your need for turns new outlets can be done something

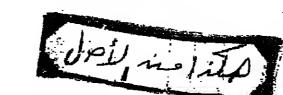
new outlets can be done sometime about if you study various ways do so until tonight when you make wise decisions.

CAPRICORN: (December 22 January 20). Get into bligations you have today and them in back of you then in evening you feel a release those pressures.

AQUARIUS: (January 21 to any 19) Think about what you do to get out from under any inneatisfactory arrangement with associate tactfully; then tonight in joy partners company.

joy partners company. PISCES: (February 20 to Mars.

20) Your activities seem but a seem and a seem a see



Italy, Brazil and Netherlands seen as leading World Cup favourites

ign bases as well as a chronic lack

of goals which encourages the

reached the European cham-

pionship final in 1988 and im-

four years ago. But they look past

their peak and could miss power-

fnl midfielder Alexei

Mikhailichenko, whn is injured.

nmark in a tongh qualifying

group, are fired with new patrio-

tic enthusism after the country's

revolution last December. Led by

olaymaker Gheorghe Hagi, the

Maradona of the Carpathians,"

who recently agreed to join Real

Madrid, they could spring a few

finals in Spain that they must be

taken seriously. They drew with Italy and finally bowed out with-

out losing a match. Acrobatic

could frustrate the best, even

Brazil, Sweden, Scotland,

they could be pushed by Sweden,

exiled players with wide Euro-

Brazil's unusually cautious tac-

tic of playing a sweeper behind

the back four will almost certainly

produce fewer thrills but greater

consistency, a quality not normal-

ly associated with previous

But midfield stars Valdo and

Silas could provide the artistry to

remind the fans that Brazilian

Maradona.

Costa Rica.

pean experience.

Cameroun proved in the 1982

Romania, which ousted De-

pressed in the Mexico World Cup

The Soviets have kept faith with most of the players whn

hopes of the three rivals.

ROME (R) — World Cup favourities Italy, Brazil and the Netherlands should reach the second round of the finals from the group matches which last until June 21.

Sixteen teams qualify for the knockout section from the 24 finalists, who are divided into six groups of four. The prospects in each group are as follows:

Group A (Rome, Florence): Ita-ly, Austria, Czechioslovakia, Un-

Hosts Italy head a group which at first sight looks to give them an easy passage to the second round. But the Italians, who have a tight defence marshalled by Libero Franco Baresi, have lacked a sharp attacking edge of late . where they rely heavily on Gian-luca Visili.

They could face problems in eir first match Samuday against lively Austria. The Austrians beat European champions the Netherlands 3-2 last week, using fast counter-attacks and the slippery skills of strikers Gerhard

Rodax and Toni Polster. Czechoslovakia, whn have been past the first round since they finished runners-up in 1962, were missing organisation and flair in their recent warm-up

The elegant, commanding and versatile Jozef Chovanec is likely to be their key figure. The United States are regarded

as rank outsiders but they have qualified for the first time for 40 years and, with the tournament's youngest squad, feel they have nothing to lose.

Group B (Milan, Naples,

Bari): Argentina, Soviet Union, Romania, Cameroun.

World Cup holders Argentina, who play the opening match of the tournament against Cameroun in Milan Friday, are the group favourites but they may find it hard to produce their best outside South America. Much will depend on the genius of Diego Maradona.

Argentina's build-up has been

ANMAN LITTLE LEAGUE

By Rami G. Khouri Jordan Times Baseball Correspondent

AMMAN — Jordan's Little League baseball season drew to a close last Friday with several thrilling all-star games, ground-breaking for a project to improve the playing fields, and plans for a team from Jordan to participate once again in the international Little League baseball tournaments:

The closing ceremony of the 1990 baseball season included the traditional combination of thanks for all those schools, sponsors, parents, coaches, team moms and other volunteers who helped make the season a success; awarding certificates, photographs and trophies to all participating players; and exhortations from American Ambassador to Jordan Roscoe Suddarth so smooth that they enduced many baseball affectionados to recall visions of Brooks Robinson at third

Little League President Mithkal Asfour presided over the closing ceremony, which ended with a ground-breaking ceremony to start work on re-surfacing the playing fields at the American Community School. The work will be completed in time for the start of football season in September, and will include installing lights which will permit early evening practices and games. The money for the field improvements was raised through a local fund-raising drive organised by a joint committee from ACS and the Amman Little League headed by Mr. Pierre Haddad. AICI contractors are contributing many of the technical support services for the work.

Baseball Commissioner Maher "Abu Moussa" Khelifeh announced that three weeks of training by a selection of 30 kid-pitch all-stars would result in choosing a team of 14 players to travel to Germany in late July to participate in the European division of the interntional Little League tournament. Last year, the first ever team from Jordan participated in Germany, under the able coaching of Mr. Paul Plemmons. This year's team will be coached by Mr. Kim Gustafson, with the assistance of several other Jordanian and American coaches.

1990 FINAL BASEBALL **STANDINGS**

T-BALL DIVISION:

A five-way tie for first place among Aqaba Shipping Company, Jordan Express, Nashashibi-Ebbibi, Istiklal Library and Data Mini.

COACH-PITCH DIVISION:

National Steel Industry

Epson ATAIDCE

Intercontinental AICI -

Pirelli . Comcent Arab Finance Corp. .

KID-PITCH DIVISION:

NECC Danish Dairy Westinghouse Jordan Worsted Mills

Mr. Chips Marriott

SEPTION IN THE PARTY IN THE PAR

10 local 10 loc

aber 11

SOFTBALL DIVISION:

Qaddoum Agricultural

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RAINBOW

Michael Keston

BEETLE JUICE

Cinema CONCORD

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PHILADELPHIA

SECRET

PLACES

marred by problems in getting players together from their fore-Sweden, not beaten by Brazil

for 25 years, plan to continue the run and force a draw in the opening match. They hope striker Mats Magnusson can continue his free-scoring run with Benfica in the Portuguese league last sea-

Scotland, as unpredictable as ever, could qualify for the latter stages for the first time but only if they shake off a "Kamikaze" trait that has seen them score five own goals in the last eight matches. Costa Rica complete the group

and have the advantage of meeting the fragile Scots in the heat and humidity of Genoa.

Group D (Milan, Bologna): West Germany, Yugoslavia, Colombia, United Arab Emi-

West Germany, losing finalists in 1982 and 1986, appear to have been dealt an easy assignment but they often make an indifferent

goalkeeper Joseph-Antoine Bell They have experience and abil-ity throughout. Their five Italianbased players, Lothar Matthaeus, Group C (Turin, Genoa): Rudi Voeller, Juergen Klinsmann, Andreas Brehme and Thomas Berthold, will feel at home Three times world champions and midfielder Thomas Haessler. Brazil are clear favourites though who joins them in Italy next season, could emerge as one of a technically solid side full of

the tournament's stars. Yngoslavia look the second strongest and with players of flair, like Dragan Stojkovic and Zlatko Vujovic, should have little trouble advancing.

Colombia, whose preparations were interrupted by death threats from a group seeking to cleanse domestic soccer of drug money, look to the attacking skills of Carlos Valderrama and the bold goalkeeping of Rene Higuita.

For the United Arab Emirates. reaching the World Cup finals for the first time is achievement enough. Anything else would be

Group E (Verona, Udine): Belgium, Spain, Uruguay, South Korea.

The battle for second round places should be the closest of all with all four confident of going

Seeded Belgium, semifinalists in 1986, are pinning their hopes on winning their opening match against the Koreans, probably the strnngest nf the World Cup underdogs, and expect to overcome Spain, whom they beat in the quarter-finals four years ago.

They are boosted by the return to form of midfielder Enzo Scifo after two years in the doldrums.

Spanish coach Luis Suarez said he feared twice world champions Uruguay more than the Belgians. His team has a strong midfield guided by Michel and Rafael Martin Vazquez and a great striker in Emilin Bntraguenn, their Real Madrid team mate and scorer of four goals against the Danes in the Mexico finals.

Oscar Washington Tabarez, the Uruguayan trainer, believes his team, who boast a brilliant front-line partnership in Enzo Francescoli and Rnben Sosa, could go on to win the title — provided they survive the group.

South Korea are confident they will not leave Italy empty-handed and coach Lee Hoe-Taik has focussed on beating Uruguay, the side he sees as the weakest of his three rivals.

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TURKISH FILM WEEK

A Turkish Film Week is organised between 9 and 14 June 1990 at the Royal Cultural Canter in Amman. Entrance is free of charge and tickets are available at the box-office of the RCC. The programme is as follows:

9-June 1990/Saturday- Hunting Time (feature film) 10-June 1990/Sunday-Hurmuz with Seven Husband (feature

I1-June 1990/Monday-Wife as Gramaphone (feature film) 12-June 1990/Tuesday-Any Other Woman (feature film) 13-June 1990/Wednesday-Art of Marbling-Feast of Colours (Documentary film)

14-June 1990/Thursday-Tile Art of the Anatolian Seljuks (Documentary film).

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FIRST RACE 4.00

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4- Nidal Barjas El Hadeed 6- Hilmy Hussein Ellozy

N. Um El-AmadOwner Ala Mahlak A. Arkoub Owner

FOR BEGINNER HORSES **DISTANCE 1400 METRES**

SECOND RACE 4.30

FRIDAY'S RACES AT THE ROYAL RACING CLUB-TUNEIB

Owner	Horse	Trainer	Jockey	Weig
1- H.H. Late Sherif Nasir Stable	Dehis	Abbas	Rasheed	56
2. Ghazy A. Jabir	Arbeed	Kamal	Mostafa	56
3- Abdu#ah Dawoud	Widan	Owner	Hiary	56
4- Moayadh M. El Assal	Matakhir	Owner		54.5
5- Mohammad S. Rabeiyah	Shahim	Owner	Younis	53
6- Naiei Anwar Shalan	Mahasin	Mohsin	George	51.5
7- Nawat Anwar Shalan	Sarikh	Zaidan		50
6- Nimir El Hmoud	Shams	Owner		48.5
	1- H.H. Late Sherif Nasir Stable 2- Ghazy A. Jabir 3- Abdullah Dewoud 4- Mogyadh M. El Assal 5- Mohammad S. Rabeiyah 6- Naiei Anwar Shalan 7- Nawar Anwar Shalan	1- H.H. Late Sherif Nasir Stable 2- Ghazy A. Jabir Arbeed 3- Abdulfah Dawoud Widan 4- Moayadh M. El Assal Matekhir 5- Mohammed S. Rebeiyeh Shahim 6- Naief Anwar Shalan Sarikh	1- H.H. Late Sherif Nasir Stable Dehis Abbes 2- Ghazy A. Jabir Arbeed Kamal 3- Abdullah Dewoud Wildan Owner 4- Moayadh M. El Assal Matakhir Owner 5- Mohammad S. Rabeiyah Shahim Owner 6- Naiel Anwar Shalan Mahasin Mohsin 7- Nawaf Anwar Shalan Sarikh Zaidan	1- H.H. Late Sherif Nasir Stable Dehis Abbas Rasheed 2- Ghazy A. Jabir . Arbeed Kamal Mostata 3- Abdulfah Dewoud Widan Owner Hiary 4- Mosyadh M. El Assal Matekhir Owner 5- Mohammed S. Rabeiyah Shahim Owner Younis 6- Naief Anwar Shalan Mahasin Mohsin George 7- Nawaf Anwar Shalan Sarikh Zaidan Iltel

THIRD RACE 5.00 FOR THIRD & SECOND CLASS HORSES **DISTANCE 1600 METRES**

mer	Horse	Trainer	Jockey	Weight
Kamal Wasi Baharat	S. Ellail	Khaireldin	Mostafa	60
All Fareed El Saad	F. Noef	Khaireldin	Rasheed	59.5
Nimir El Hmoud	B Hasna	Owner		57.5
Nimir El Himoud	Janzir	Owner	Hiary	57
Mansour Anwar Shalan	Sallamih	Zeiden	Saad	55.5
Memdouh Anwar Shalan	Onwah	Mohsin	George	53.5
Fawaz Anwar Shalan	Asheer	Zaldan	litaf	53

FOURTH RACE 5.30 FOR BEGINNER, THIRD & SECOND **CLASS HORSES DISTANCE 1400 METRES**

Owner	Horse	Trainer	Jockey	Weight
1-Ramy Fareed Daasan	M. Dina	Khaireldin	Mostafa	57.5
2- Fawaz Anwar Shalan	Ibshir	Zaidan	Saad	57
3- Ali Fareed Saad	Saad Ali	Khaireldin	Rasheed	57
4- Ali Fareed Saad	M. Sarah	Khaireldin		56
5- Ibrahim Hany Bsharat	Naamain	Khalreidin	Samv	56
6- Nawat Anwar Shalan	Elasy	Zaidan	lited	53
7- Nawat Anwar Shalan	Eldanah	Mohsin	George	48.5

FOR AMATEURS 6.00 **DISTANCE 1000 METRES**

Owner	Horse
1- Ghazi Mashhour El Falez	Khaulth
2- Shakeeb Zaied	Dolar
3- Khalid Ayyad	Nada
4- Jalal El Kotub	El-Ghool
5- Nawaf El Faiez	Sanaa
6- Salah Eldin Ahmad	Fattah
7. Omar El Rafiev	I El Rech

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Death toll reaches 40 in **Soviet Central Asia unrest**

MOSCOW (Agencies) — At least 40 people have been killed and more than 200 injured in fighting between ethnic Kirghiz and Uzbeks in Soviet Central Asia, an official said Wednesday.

Anatoly Lukyanov, chairman of the Supreme Soviet legislature, gave the figures in a report to lawmakers on the latest outbreak of ethnic violeoce to trouble the government of President Mikhail Gorbachev.

Earlier reports Wednesday said police fired on Kirghiz and Uzbeks trying to storm police stations in the city of Osh, where at least 25 people were killed in two days of clashes.

Reinforcements of police and Interior Ministry troops were sent to Osh, in the western part of the Republic of Kirghizia on the border with Uzbekistan, the Interfax

news agency reported.

The clashes spread to a nearby town, where deaths and injuries were reported. Police in Frunze, the capital of Kirghizia, were

placed on alert. An assistant duty officer of the Osh police, reached by telephone Wednesday, said the situation remained complicated and all his

superiors were out on the streets. Armed Kirghiz and Uzbeks tried to attack regional civil decity on Tuesday, forcing police to

open fire, Interfax said. The news agency said 25 people were killed and 143 were wounded in the 24-hour period ending Tuesday. It was not clear whether that toll included the 11 dead that Interfax and the Soviet news agency (TASS) had reported earlier.

TASS reported Tuesday and Wednesday that more than 200 people had been injured in two days of clashes, but there was no immediate way to reconcile that figure with the latest Interfax

A state of emergency and a 10 .m.-6 a.m. curfew was declared in Osh Tuesday after rioting began Monday evening in a dispute between the two Sunni Muslim ethnic groups over plots of land

for housing, TASS said. Hundreds rampaged through the streets of the city of 210,000 people, setting fires to houses, sbops and cars.

TASS reported Wednesday that factories and stores remained closed in Osh, where police and fence headquarters and police Interior Ministry troops set up stations in three districts of the roadblocks and restricted entry to the city. The Soviet army news-paper Red Star reported that the only enterprise still working in Osh was a large bakery.

In the town of Uzgen, 60 kilometres from Osh, six people were killed and 18 injured when said the presidents and prime ministers of the three republics the district police beadquarters was attacked and two snhmachineguns were captured, the The meeting, she said, would be within the framework of the newspaper said.

Ethnic tensions spread to Frunze, where police were in a state of alert and a soccer match. hy a visiting team from Uzbekistan was cancelled for fear of violence, according to the news-

paper Komsomolskaya Pravda. Absamat Masaliyev, head of Kirghizia's parliament, broadcast a speech to the population Tuesday night, saying that anthorities were trying to resolve the land dispute, TASS said.

Housing is critically short in Soviet Central Asia, among the poorest regions of the nation. Leaders of Uzbek informal groups also demanded that an autonomous region be set up inside Kirghizia. About one-third

of Osh's residents are Uzbek. In another development, military leaders in the Baltic region accused the separatist governments in Estonia, Latvia and Lithuania of boosting tension in the region and weakening the Soviet Union's defences.

Lithuanian President Vytantas

China frees 97 prisoners

Landshergis aecused certain

forces within his republic of

In Riga, Sarmite Erte, an offi-

cial of the Latvian parliament.

would discuss how the Baltic

issue was dealt with at the

Baltic Council, a pre-war body

recently revived to discuss com-

mon questions and the joint drive

to restore the republics' inde-

Tuesday's statement issued by

the Baltie Military District Coun-

cil in Riga said the three govern-

ments were "leading an active

propaganda and legislative cam-

paign aimed at undermining the

by the Lithuanian, Latvian and

Estonian parliaments contradict

Republican authorities, it said,

were engaged in illegal acts, in-

cluding the misappropriation of Soviet Defence Ministry prop-

The three republics have

targeted the Soviet military in

much of their pro-independence

campaign, with Lithuania at one

point urging its young men not to

respond to call-up notices.

India seals

Sikh temple

anniversary

AMRITSAR, India (AP) -

Armed policemen surrounded

the Golden Temple Wednesday

because Sikh militants planned to

observe the sixth anniversary of

an army raid on the holy Sikh

Only women and children were

allowed to enter the Golden

Temple, where at least 1,200 peo-

ple were killed in 1984 when the

shrine, authorities said.

for raid

the Soviet constitution and laws."

'Many laws hurriedly adopted

unity of our state."

Washington summit.

pendence.

it said.

trying to engineer a coup.

PEKING (R) — China's Public Security Ministry announced Wednesday that 97 prisoners involved in last year's democracy movement had been released in

Peking and Shanghai.
The prisoners included 19 students, the official New China New Agency quoted the ministry as saying.

Two of the students were named as Xiong Wei and Zhou Fengsuo who were on a police list of 21 most wanted students issued shortly after the June 1989 crack-

A ministry spokesman said the released prisoners had pleaded guilty, voluntarily confessed and expressed a willingness to repent.
Those who obstinately stick to

an incorrect course and refuse to repent will be punished strictly in accordance with the law," the spokesman was qnoted as saying.

The latest mass release brought the total number of those freed since the June crackdown to 881. according to China's official tally. Hundreds more activists are believed to remain in prison,

according to Western human rights organisations. Announcement of the releases followed an overwhelming secur-

ity clampdown in Peking during the anniversary earlier this week of last year's bloody end to the democracy movement. A Western diplomat, com-

menting on the releases, said China's leaders were still concerned that the U.S. Congress might overturn President George Bush's recommendation that China retain its most-favoured-nation trade status.

China has said loss of the status, which gives it low tariffs on exports to the United States, could cost it \$10 billion a year. Bush has linked an improvement in China's human-rights record with progress in Sino-U.S. relations.

Diplomats said the releases were also aimed at assuaging a hostile public within China, especially in Peking where memories of last year's crackdown are still

Communist Party leader Jiang

Zemin said in May that 431 people who were involved in last year's democracy movement remained in prison after the release earlier in the month of 211 prisoners.

According to China's official tally this leaves 334 people still in jail, including 23 students. The 97 freed in the latest batch

were 76 people in Peking and 21 Chemical in cabbage linked In Shanghai, the Public Security Ministry said. to lower breast cancer risk.

One of those released in Shanghai was named as Yao Yongzhan, better known by his Cantonese name of Yui Yung-Chin, a 20-year-old Hong Kong student arrested in June last year after he tried to leave Shanghai following the military crackdown in Peking on June 3 and 4.

Two others said to have been released in Shanghai were named as Chen Qiwei and Yang Lujun. Chen was deputy director of the economics department of Huadong Teachers University in Shanghai, according to earlier Shanghai newspaper reports.

Yang is on a list of prisoners known to the human-rights group Amnesty International and identified as a researcher at the Shanghai Academy of Social Sciences.

The two students named as released in Peking, Xiong and Zhou, were from Qinghua Uni-

Soviets reassure North Korea on ties with South

Agency (TASS) has sought to reassure North Korea that the Kremlin won't let its relations with the Communist state be damaged by Soviet moves to establish ties with South Korea.

TASS asserted in a commentary Tuesday that Mikhail Gorbachev's meeting with President Roh Tae-Woo of South Korea had been described by Western media as a "political sensation" marking "drastic changes" in Moscow's Asia policy.

The commentary, hy political analyst Yuri Kornilov, did not specify which news outlets were making those claims.

Roh told reporters after meeting the Soviet leader in San Francisco Monday that the two countries would establish diplomatic

But Gorbachev was vague on the prospects of South Korean-Soviet nes, saying only 'we will let the fruit grow ripe, and when the fruit grows ripe, we will eat

Kornilov said the Roh-Gorbachev meeting was a sensation only because it was the first between leaders of the Soviet Union and South Korea - not because it signals any change in soviet policy.

"As to prospects for the estab lishment of diplomatic relations, of which much is being written and said in the West nowadays, the Soviet stand is well known and remains unchanged: This issue can be considered only in connection with further improve-

mental destruction is killing mil-

year and strong measures to stop

it must be launched immediately,

a United Natious official said at

World Environment Day cere-

"As the shambles of global

environmental destruction

spreads our children are dying.

They are the victims of our

greed," Mostafa Tolba, executive

director of the U.N. Environ-

ment Programme, told reporters.

Tolba addressed a U.N.-spou-

sored World Environment Day

gathering in Mexico City, one of

the most polluted cities in the

world. It is the first Latin Amer-

ican capital to host the event

A U.N. study on children and

since its inauguration in 1987.

WASHINGTON (R) - Resear-

chers said Tuesday they found a

chemical in cahhage and other

vegetables they believe lowers

the risk of breast cancer but said

it is unlikely drug companies

would want to market the che-

mical hecause it cannot be

"We have identified the com-

pound in cruciferous vegetables

such as cahhage, broccoli, brus-sels sprouts and cauliflower which

appears to act in a way which

should be protective," said scien-

tist Leon Bradlow of the Institute

for Hormone Research in New

Bradlow and colleague Jon Michnovicz, writing in this week's

Journal of the National Cancer

Institute (NCI), said they think

the chemical, known as Indole-3-

Carbinol, reduces hreast cancer

risk hy speeding up a particular

patented.

monies Tuesday.

Pollution killing millions

of children — U.N. report

MEXICO CTTY (R) - Environ- year in developing nations be

lions of the world's children each poor sanitation, pollution, com-

the environment released to mark and family planning programmes
World Environment Day said would slow population growth in

some 14 million children die each the 21st century.

MOSCOW (AP) - Soviet News ment of the situation in the Korean peninsula.

Kornilov concluded: "Of course, the removal of ideological hlinkers from our foreign policy and the course towards broader economic contacts and political dialogue with other countries in no way means that we give up our principled positions and priorities or forgo interests of third countries.'

And he reassured North Korea, "our country will contimue to maintain and promote in all ways its traditionally close political, economic and other tiles," with North Korea.

The TASS analyst said the Soviet Union continues to support North Korean proposals for peace on the peninsula.

Korea was divided in 1945 at the end of World War II, when Soviet and U.S. troops ended Japan's colonial rule. The divisioo deepened after the two Koreas fought a war in 1950-53. In South Korea, newspapers

reported Wednesday that the country's foreign minister, Choi Ho-Joong. plans to visit Moscow next month to discuss terms of establishing formal ties.

Dong-A Ilho and Joong-Ang Ilho in dispatches by correspondents who accompanied Roh on his U.S. visit, said Choi plans to meet Soviet Foreign Minister Eduard Shevardnadze. said Shevardnadze would then by invited to visit Seoul about a month later to finalise terms for opening formal diplomatic rela-

cause of tainted drinking water

mon diseases and malnutrition.

caused by air pollution, kill more

than 4.2 million children under

the age of five each year in the

developing world, said the report

published by Tolba's agency and the U.N. Children's Fund.

als, radiation and poisons harm

children both rich and poor more

severely than adults, causing un-

told deaths yearly through can-

cers, birth defects and stillbirths

in industrialised and developing

The study said a larger number

of children would be born in the

next 10 years than in any previous

process hy which the body meta-

holises the female hormone ocs-

Several previous studies have

suggested that people with diets

rich in vegetahles like cabbage

and broccoli have lower cancer

rates than the general public.

are the first to come up with

evidence that the protective

effect is due to the action of

Their study found that taking a

concentrated dose of the chemie-

al did speed up a particular oes-trogen metabolism process in hu-

Furthermore, they have since

demonstrated - in a second.

as-yet unpublished study - that

feeding Indole-3-Carhinol to

tumour-prone mice markedly re-

duced their cancer risk, Bradlow

said in a telephone interview.

Indole-3-Carbinol.

mans

But Bradlow and Michnovicz

iprovea eaucanon

nations," it said.

"Toxic chemicals, heavy met-

Respiratory diseases, often

shows age in new banknote

round games.

Couple wed during

predecessor.

PINE BLUFF, Arkansas (AP)
Tim Newton did more than show off his fiancee at his 10-year high school reunion. He married her, Newton told a friend at the weekend gathering of 1980 Star City High School graduates that he and Tracy Byford had their wedding rings and marriage license. He joked that if a minister were present they'd tie the knot. Then the friend revealed that he was an ordained minister. That was all it took, said the new Mrs. Newton, 20. "Everybody. just kept on going, 'Y all ought to get married," she said. She; said Newton, 27, stood dumbfounded "with a weird look on hisface" before agreeing to the imprompto wedding. Women at the banquet started grabbing flowers. from wall and table arrangements to make a bridal bouquet. Newton picked a best man and hisintended chose a bride's maid. Another classmate played the wedding march on a hundy piano. After the ceremony, there were cheers, and then the 75-or-so classmates produced cake and, champagne for the reunionturned-reception. There even was a band to serenade the new-

Couple wins lottery twice in

SYDNEY (R) - An Australian couple beat enormous odds and; won a 100,000 dollars (\$76,000) lottery for the second time in three weeks. Sydney Secretary Michelle Kenny and her husband won first prize in this week's jackpot lottery after winning the lottery on May 15, the New South Wales state lotteries office tias said. The couple, who used the first win to pay off their home mortgage, bought five more lot-tery tickets when collecting their winnings from the office. "I fast couldn't believe it when we won. the first prize again," said the 34-year-old secretary. Twe only been taking lottery tickets for a few months. I've never really been a lucky person: Kenny sant her husband and two teenage sous had yet to decide what to the with their second windfall.

Gorbachev must lighten up on Lithuania, Congress leaders say

WASHINGTON (AP) - Congressional leaders told President George Bush Tuesday that Soviet President Mikhail Gorhachev must lighten up on Lithuania if he expects congerss to approve trade benefits for Moscow.

"Call it linkage or call it real-Senate minority leader Boh. Dole, a Republican, said after Bush briefed top house and Senate leaders on his private conversations with Gorbachev during the summit

Lawmakers said Bush told them he had received no assurances from Gorbachev, even in private, that the Soviet Union

OTTAWA (R) — Canada's lead-

ers have emerged from a 13-hour

meeting expressing confidence

they were closing in on a solution

to a constitution crisis that

"I've switched from my pessim-

ism to thinking there is a

chance." said Premier Don Getty

of the Western province of

Prime Minister Brian Mul-

roney said he and the 10 provin-

cial premiers had not struck any

firm agreements but achieved

more progress by the end of the

The source of the politicians'

optimism appeared to be a pre-

liminary agreement on senate re-

form. The issue has been a major

stumbling block to passage of the

Meech Lake Constitutional

The accord recognises

Onebec's status as a distinct soci-

ety within Canada, and its rari-

fication by the June 23 deadline is on Sunday night.

third day of talks.

Alberta.

threatens the country' unity.

would lift its economic hoycott of the independence-seeking Baitic-

House Speaker Thomas Foley, a Democrat, said Bush "made it very clear" that he had presented a strong case to Gorhachev for easing up in Lithuania.

When the president sends us the trade agreement... there will be many in Congress who will want to see progress on Lithuania before approving it," Foley said. asked the president if he thought President Gorhachev understood there might be such reaction from Congress, he said

essential to check a growing

separatist movement in the dis-

contented French-speaking pro-

improved over yesterday,

Quebec Premier Robert Bouras-

sa said as he emerged from the

Bourassa said he felt the two

staunchest opponents of the

accord, Premiers Gary Filmon of

Manitoha and Clyde Wells of

Newfoundland, appeared slightly

"I don't say Mr. Wells and Mr.

Filmon have accepted that Meech

Lake must be ratified by June 23.

hut I found in their attitude more

openness than I felt yesterday,"

his province's concerns had not

come up in the talks that began

"No doubt the climate is much

Meech Lake talks progress

more flexible.

"I'm not going to assess whether his pressing (Gorhachev) was adequate or not," said Senate majority leader George Mitchell, also a Democrat, "He

said he made the case." Mitchell said that nothing the president said made him feel any more optimistic that a Lithuanian

settlement was near. Dole said Bush told lawmakers at the 45-minute session that "he had no direct assurances" on Lithuania. However, Dole and other lawmakers said Bush stressed the fact that he had developed a good working relationship with the Soviet leader.

"Today they were dealing with

all of the issues on the agenda.

We're doing the work we should

Mulroney, the anthor of the 1987

Meech Lake Accord, was crafting

a package of proposals that would

allow the recalcitrant premiers to

approve the accord without losing

Bonrassa, under pressure from

Ouebec's nationalists, held to his

line that the Meech Lake Accord

must be ratified as it stands. But

he said he recognised that the

senate must be reformed and he

was willing to consider changes in

The outlying provinces want to

transform the senate from a body

of politicians appointed by the

provinces Quebec and Ontario,

another round of talks.

face in their home provinces.

There was speculation that

be doing," he said.

army moved in to dislodge armed Sikh separatists. Deputy Commissioner Sarahiit Singh, the top civil administrator Canadian leaders optimistic as in the city, said anthorities had received information that some militant groups would "violate the peace of the temple" to com-

memorate the anniversary. Soldiers, hacked by tanks and heavy artillery, stormed the temple on June 3, 1984, to clear the shrine of an armed hand of Sikh militants who had made it their

hase for an insurgency. Hundreds of civilians, mostly devotees visiting the temple on that day, were killed in the cross fire. The fighting continued for four days, at the end of which most of the militants were killed or had surrendered.

The Sikh insurgency, marked by hit-and run attacks and bombings mainly on civilian targets, still lingers in Amritsar and surrounding districts of Punjah state. Authorities routinely announce a general alert in the state in early June every year to guard against any opsurge of violence.

Police Superintendent Sanjiv Gupta said at least 5,000 policemen were posted around the onesquare-kilometre temple complex Tuesday.

At least 500 plainclothes policemen were inside the shrine.

Filmon said he was glad that all prime minister into an elected the disputed issues had finally chamber along the lines of the been put on the table. He com-U.S. Senate in order to offset the power of the populous central plained previously that some of

in the elected House of Com-

Berlin wants to scrap massive blockade reserves

WEST BERLIN (AP) — For more than four decades. West Berliners have been stockpiling huge amounts of provisions to keep the city alive just in case the Soviets return with another blockade.

City officials now say changing times have made the warehouses filled with sugar, grain, bandages, toothpaste and hundreds of other items unnecessary.

"This is a relic of the cold war, said Gerhard Erbe, the city official in charge of supervising a large portion of the emergency

The Germans started their stockpiles on the orders of the victorious Western allies -France, Britain and the United States - after the Berlin airlift broke the traumatic Soviet blockade in May 1949.

West Berlin's leftist leaders say the federal government in Bonn should ask the allies for permission to scrap the whole program-me for the city of 2 million

City government economics chief Peter Mitzscherling has even suggested giving the food and other supplies to Eastern European nations, where democracy has replaced Communism. West Berlin officials decline to five a breakdown of how much is stored, saying it's still kept "top secret" to keep the "potential enemy" from learning details.of the plans.

"The goal is, in the event of another blockade, to provide the city with all necessary goods," says Erbe. "It was also to have a calming effect on the people." Erbe says the goods stored in a 200 separate locations are to last as rations for a "long period of time," but declined to specify

how long. One of the storehouses is located in the teeming Westhafen along the Spandau Shipping Canal. Sacks of sugar, medicines and thousands of cases of jarred fruit are carefully stored there.

Horst Kleffel, who supervises part of the programme for the federal government, says the plan was to have enough food on hand for a half-year.

But he concedes: "Some things we now have in smaller quanti-

The Berliner Morgenpost newspaper claims to have learned. some of the quantities, reportedly including 166,444 tonnes of grain, 38,752 tonnes of canned vegetables and 493,668 tonnes of light heating oil. The goods are routinely sold off and restocked to ensure that everything is us-

The stockpiled goods over the years have provided great comfort, especially to older Berliners. Many of the elderly remember their city being torn apart by the collapse of Nazi Germany in 1945 and being shut off from the world by the Soviet hlockade three

western part of the city into submission, blocking land traffic starting in June 1948. For 101/2 months, a massive

The Soviets tried to starve the

airlift organised by the United States kept the city alive. Even though four power agree-

ment_of 1971 set aside many of the disputes with the Soviets, the emergency reserves stayed in this city located 140 kilometres within then-Communist East Germany.

The federal government in Bonn provides about 200 million marks (\$125 million) a year to maintain the reserves, which could be worth up to 2.5 hillion marks (\$1.6 billion).

Adult clothing was phased ont years ago, even before the massive changes in Eastern Europe. And as officials look around to save money during the enormously expensive unification process, the reserves have became a target for likely savings as well as sar-

ment even wanted to start getting rid of the huge supplies of toilet paper, since according to State Secretary (Juergen(Dittberner, people could just use a newspaper in an emergency." the Frankfurter Rundschau . quoted the city's no. 2 economics official as saying. The newspaper continued:

"But at the prompting of the federal government, the toilet paper stayed in the repertoire.' Chancellor Helmut Kohl's government must first study the re-

quest to halt the programme, before deciding whether to pass it on to the Western allies. Anthony W. Sariti, U.S. diplomatic spokesman in Berlin, said it's not certain what answer

the allies are likely to give. Bnt he added: "Given the tenor of the times. I can't imagine we would give it unsympathetic hearing."

Selling off the stockpiles could take about three or more years. While the list of items contained also includes soap, cleaning materials, coffee, fish and meat as well as clothing for kids and young people, city official Fibe told the Associated Press one thing is missing: dog food to feed the Berliners' adored

"People would have to share their own rations with their "The West Berlin City Govern- dogs," Erbe says with a laugh.

pooches.

Havel recommends vote for former dissidents in elections

PRAGUE, Czechoslovakia (AP) - President Vaclav Havel appealed Tuesday to Czechoslovaks to vote for his former dissident colleagues Friday in the first free elections since 1946.

Without explicitly recommending a vote for the Civic Forum organisation that powered the anti-Communist revolution and propelled him to power, Havel threw his popularity and authority clearly behind former dissidents who battled the old Stalinist order, as he did.

"Please don't listen to generaliries, attractive talk, don't listen to cheap promises, don't be governed by appeals to all kinds of emotions," Havel said in a nationwide TV address four days ahead of the elections.

"Attractive programmes can be written today by almost anybody who was taught spelling and grammar at school," he said in a swipe at the host of parties that emerged once seasoned dissidents had won last winter's battle for political pluralism.

There are 22 parties contesting the elections for a new federal parliament and new Czech and Slovak regional parliaments.
"Try, please, to choose those lists of candidates on which you

find names of people who defied totalitarianism or who openly re-belled against it," Havel said. Most of his former dissident

friends are standing for civic forum or its Slovak counterpart, Public Against Violence. But Jan Carnogursky - like

Havel a prominent human rights campaigner under Communist rule and currently first deputy premier in the coalition government formed in December - is a candidate for the rival, conservative Christian Democrats.

Havel, who as president will formally appoint the new federal government, appeared to endorse the status quo.

Vote for those parties and movements about which you are of the government of national of the vote nationwide.

One contentious point abour the current government is its inclusion of former Communists.

Federal Premier Marian Calfa, for instance, joined while still a prominent Communist. He swiftly turned in his party card, and is now a leading candidate of Public Against Violence in Slovakia, where the Christian Democrats have attacked such former Communists standing on a reformist

Havel urged Czechoslovaks to vote for people who "don't change their coats every week. But he is said by his political allies to have confidence in Calfa, characterised by Havel aides as a hard worker.

The Communist Party itself is currently ranked a distant third in opinion polls, which have moved steadily in the past two months in favour of Civic Forum and Public Against Violence, now predicted sure they can continue the work to get between 39 and 42 per cent



Andreotti rebuffs

Hurd over warning

ROME (AP) - Premier Girlio Andreotti has said he rebuffed the British foreign secretary's warning about possible attacks by Palestinians at the World Cun by telling him to "think about your own fellow citizens. Andreom's comments, during a brief recep-tion for the Italian national soccer team, told reporters about his recent telephone conversation with British Foreign Secretary Douglas Hurd. "A few days ago I spoke with the English foreign secretary who warned me about a Palestinian threat to the World Cup," Andreotti told reporters. "I replied to the secretary," the premier continued, "that we would take care of the Palestinians, but he should worry about his own fellow citizens. It seems the English always have to drink beer before a game. It becomes necessary to surround them with security." Italian and English authorities have been cooperating on security measures in the Sarifi-nian capital of Cagliari, where the English team will play its first-

Queen Elizabeth

LONDON (R) — Queen Elizabeth is finally showing her age on a new banknote which portrays Britain's 64-year-old monarch with a double chin, wrinkles and slight bags under her eyes. "It makes me look so old," the tabloid Sun newspaper on Wednesday quoted the queen as telling artist Roger Withington, who designed the new note. "But then I suppose I am old." The Bank of England insisted the queen-had aged gracefully on the turquoise note, whose portrait updates the one on the old blue £5 note and other denominations by 25 years. The monarch's profile on coins and stamps also dates from the 1950s. The new note appears Thursday. It is smaller and, the Bank of England said, harder to forge than its

high school reunion

three weeks

